

Municipal Address	480 Cloverdale Road	Building or Property Name	042280003 042280009	
Legal Description	PLAN M-61 PT L E AND PT;DEVONSHIRE RD CLOSED PLAN;R38 PARTS 2 & 3	Lot	Block	Plan
Date of Original Lot		Date of current		
Development Additions		structure Original owner		
There is currently no resid	dence on this property			
There is currently no resid	dence on this property			
	dence on this property			
Main Building	dence on this property	Prepared by: Lashia	Jones / Hea	ther Perrault
Main Building		Prepared by: Lashia Month/Year: June 20		ther Perrault

Character of Existing Property				
Contribution of Property to Heritage Environs				
Landscape / Open Space				
Architecture / Built Space				
Landmark Status				
Summary / Comments on Environmental Significant	cance			
History	Prepared by: Lashia Jones / Heather Perrault			
	Month/Year: June 2011			
Date of Current Building(s)				
Trends				
In the early to mid 20 <sup>th</sup> century, there was an influx of families to Rockcliffe Park as a result of higher-density development and crowding in downtown Ottawa. With its scenic location and relative isolation from the city, the Village of Rockcliffe Park became a fashionable neighbourhood, perceived to be a more healthy and peaceful residential environment.				
Events				

## Persons / Institutions

1940: (Directory) not listed

1945: (Directory) R. D. and M.M. Huestis

1950, 1960: (Directory) Richard P. and June R. White

Summary / Comments on Historical Significance

## **Historical Sources**

City of Ottawa File

Rockcliffe LACAC file

Edmond, Martha. *Rockcliffe Park: A History of the Village*. Ottawa: The Friends of the Village of Rockcliffe Park Foundation, 2005.

Village of Rockcliffe Park Heritage Conservation District Study, 1997.

Village of Rockcliffe Park LACAC Survey of Houses, 1988

Carver, Humphrey. *The Cultural Landscape of Rockcliffe Park Village*. Village of Rockcliffe Park, 1985. Might's Directory of the City of Ottawa

Architecture	Prepared by: Lashia Jones / Heather Perrault
	Month/Year: June 2011

Architectural Design (plan, storeys, roof, windows, style, material, details, etc)

The house proposed for the new lot is a large classically-inspired house in the tradition of the Palladian English country houses of the 18<sup>th</sup> century. These houses were constructed as a reaction against the excesses of the Baroque era and are characterized by their symmetrical facades and harmonious proportions. Features associated with these houses include quoins, a hipped or flat roof, a central frontispiece surmounted by a pediment, a central portico and flanking pavilions, frequently with pediments. The individual floors are delineated either by a

the first. Each floor is further distinguished by differently sized windows, which are multipaned. Chimneys are paired. When completed, the proposed house will be one of the largest and most imposing in the former Village of Rockcliffe Park. It will be two storeys at the front and three at the rear, because the land slopes down from the road. It will be located slightly below street level and will be set back from the street, so that the appearance of its height and bulk will be diminished. The main body of the house is highly symmetrical with three pavilions, each with a pediment, with an oculus (round window). A one storey secondary wing, housing a garage and a pool, is set back from the north façade. The building will be of smooth, light coloured stone with dark stone quoins. The roof will be sheathed in slate. The large chimneys, located at either end of the roof and separated by a balustrade around a widow's walk, emphasize the high, hipped roof. Architectural Style Designer / Builder / Architect / Landscape Architect **Architectural Integrity** Outbuildings Other Summary / Comments on Architectural Significance

change in wall treatment or separated by a stringcourse. The second floor is usually lower than

PHASE TWO EVALUATION					
ENVIRONMENT CATEGORY	E	G	F	Р	SCORE
Character of Existing Streetscape					/30
Character of Existing Property					/30
3. Contribution to Heritage Environs					/30
4. Landmark Status					/10
Environment total					/100
HISTORY	E	G	F	Р	SCORE
Construction Date					/35
2. Trends					/35
3. Events/ Persons/Institutions					/30
History total					/100
ARCHITECTURE CATEGORY	E	G	F	Р	SCORE
1. Design					/50
2. Style					/30
3. Designer/Builder					/10
Architectural Integrity					/10
Architecture total					/100

RANGES	EXCELLENT	GOOD	GOOD	FAIR	POOR
	Pre-1908	1908 to 1925	1926 to 1948	1949 to 1972	After 1972

Category	Phase Two Score, Heritage District
Environment	x 45% =
History	x 20% =
Architecture	x 35% =
Phase Two Total Score	/100

## PHASE TWO EVALUATION SUMMARY

Phase Two Score	Above	to	to	Below
Group				