## **Financial Statements**

**The Carp Road Corridor Business Improvement Area** 

**December 31, 2022** 

## Independent auditor's report

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of **The Carp Road Corridor Business Improvement Area** 

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of **The Carp Road Corridor Business Improvement Area** [the "BIA"], which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net financial assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the BIA as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the BIA in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the BIA or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the BIA's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  BIA's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the BIA's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the BIA to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Ottawa, Canada October 23, 2023 Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & young LLP



## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

Table 1 - Statement of Financial Position - Financial Assets

Financial assets	2022	2021
Cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of		
Ottawa	\$85,962	\$83,903
Total financial assets	85,962	83,903
Table 2 - Statement of Financial Position - Liabilities  Liabilities	2022	2021
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13,204	9,113
Total liabilities	13,204	9,113
Net financial assets	72,758	74,790

Table 3 - Statement of Financial Position - Non-Financial Assets and Accumulated Surplus

Non-financial assets	2022	2021
Prepaid expenses	5,100	5,704
Total non-financial assets	5,100	5,704
Accumulated surplus	\$77,858	\$80,494

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

Table 4 - Statement of Operations - Revenue

	Budget		
	2022	Actual	Actual
Revenue	[note 4]	2022	2021
Tax revenue [note 3]	\$125,000	\$127,220	\$122,577
Sundry [note 2]	19,500	10,741	9,867
Total revenue	144,500	137,961	132,444

Table 5 - Statement of Operations - Expenses

	Budget		
	2022	Actual	Actual
Expenses	[note 4]	2022	2021
Professional and consulting fees	136,300	112,211	95,019
Advertising	24,500	19,838	11,302
Office	6,400	4,462	3,812
Insurance	6,700	2,070	2,311
Audit fees	2,000	2,016	1,986
Total expenses	175,900	140,597	114,430
Annual (deficit) surplus	(31,400)	(2,636)	18,014
Accumulated surplus, beginning of			
year	80,494	80,494	62,480
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$49,094	\$77,858	\$80,494

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

For the year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

Table 6 - Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

4] <b>2022</b> (\$ <b>2,636</b> )	<b>2021</b> \$18,014
, , , ,	
	,
- 604	(3,947)
( <b>2,032</b> )	14,067
90 <b>74,790</b>	60,723 \$74,790
7	<b>790 74,790 390 \$72,758</b>

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2022, with comparative information for 2021

Table 7 - Statement of Cash Flows - Operating Activities

Operating activities	2022	2021
Annual (deficit) surplus	(\$2,636)	\$18,014
Changes in non-cash working capital balances related		
to operations		
Decrease in accounts receivable	-	370
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	604	(3,947)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,091	363
Cash provided by operating activities	2,059	14,800

Table 8 - Statement of Cash Flows - Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Change in cash and cash equivalents	2022	2021
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the		
year	2,059	14,800
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	83,903	69,103
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$85,962	\$83,903

Table 9 - Statement of Cash Flows - Cash Breakdown

Cash and cash equivalents consist of	2022	2021
Cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of		
Ottawa	\$85,962	\$83,903

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### **Basis of presentation**

The financial statements of The Carp Road Corridor Business Improvement Area [the "BIA"] are the responsibility of management and are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for the public sector as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Since a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximations. These estimates and approximations have been made using careful judgment.

### **Accrual accounting**

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as it becomes earned and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services.

Government transfers are recognized in revenue in the fiscal years during which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, eligibility criteria and stipulations have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

### **Financial instruments**

The financial instruments of the BIA consist of cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the BIA is not exposed to significant interest rate risk, currency risk or credit risk arising from these financial instruments.

### Tax revenue

Annually, the City of Ottawa bills and collects tax levies as well as payments in lieu of taxes on behalf of the BIA. Tax revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates and reasonable estimates of

## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments or appeals related to prior years.

### 2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The BIA purchases certain services from companies controlled by the Board of Directors' members and company executives in the normal course of business at exchange amounts, which are the amounts agreed to by both parties. During the year, the BIA recognized \$342 in revenues from related parties, which was received in return for provided goods and services.

In addition, the BIA is related to all entities under control of the City of Ottawa. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the BIA recognized grant revenue from the City of Ottawa of \$6,750 [2021 – \$6,511] within sundry revenue on the statement of operations.

### 3. TAX REVENUE

Tax revenue comprises the following:

Table 10 - Tax Revenue Breakdown

	<b>2022</b> \$	<b>2021</b> \$
General tax levy	125,000	125,000
Supplementary assessments Remissions	4,056 (1,836)	113 (2,536)
	127,220	122,577

#### 4. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2022 budget approved by the Board of Directors. The Board-approved budget is prepared on a basis that differs from budget amounts reported on the statements of operations and changes in net financial assets, which are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The total approved revenue budget of \$144,500 reconciles to the budget figures reported in these financial statements after deducting the budgeted contribution from reserves of \$31,400, which is not included in revenue for purposes of the financial statement presentation.