Ottawa's Overdose Prevention and Response Strategy has been established in collaboration with the Overdose Prevention and Response Task Force as well as other key partners. The task force is comprised of individuals and organizations representing various sectors, including people with lived and living experience and expertise, community health and social service providers, hospitals, pharmacies, emergency services (police, paramedics, and fire), mental health, addictions and substance use health service providers, the regional coroner's office, along with Ottawa Public Health.

This strategy is advanced through the implementation of initiatives, either by individual agencies or through collaborative efforts and codesign. The strategy is a comprehensive seven-pillar approach to address the multifaceted challenges posed by the toxic drug supply and the overdose crisis as well as the need to promote substance use health. A public health approach to substance use health is foundational to this strategy with the overarching need to ensure that people have access to safe, affordable and supportive housing. The pillars of the strategy are:

- **prevention across the lifespan** Providing interventions that focus on early childhood interventions, fostering resiliency, and promoting mental health, and substance use health across the lifespan.
- reducing stigma Reducing barriers and improving care by addressing stigma and discrimination.
- advancing harm reduction measures Advancing existing and implementing new, innovative harm reduction strategies.
- facilitating coordinated access to treatment and services Improving access and care across the mental health, addictions, substance use health and social services sectors, including culturally appropriate care.
- ensuring community safety and wellbeing Furthering efforts to improve the safety and wellbeing of all people who live, work, play, and visit Ottawa.
- maintaining strategies for cluster responses and alert systems Monitoring and ensuring timely reporting on emerging
  issues that are causing harm from the toxic drug supply, including supporting media reporting
- enhancing data collection and surveillance efforts Improving the availability of evidence to inform system planning and actions by collecting, analyzing, and sharing data.

The interventions/activities listed under each pillar often influence the work and impacts of other pillars. This reflects the fact that actions undertaken to address the complexity of the overdose crisis and toxic drug supply are multi-faceted and interconnected and therefore impact multiple other areas under the strategy.

This 2024 Key Activities Report aims to showcase, high-level, the collective actions undertaken as part of the strategy. For more details on specific activities, OPH encourages readers to contact the lead agencies directly.



#### Prevention Across the Lifespan Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts	
Advance and promote infant and early childhood mental health (IECMH) development.	Ottawa Child and Youth Initiative	The early years are crucial for development. Investments in IECMH to prevent problems occurring later in life from mental health, addictions and substance use health issues.	
Provide screening, counselling, referral and early intervention of Perinatal Mood Disorders.	Ottawa Public Health (OPH)	Reduce adverse childhood events (e.g., violence, abuse, neglect). Enhance resiliency.	
Launch free, 9-week group-based Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) program for women who are expecting or have a child (birth or adoption) and who have been feeling one or more of the following: depressed, sad, anxious, worried, angry or overwhelmed.	OPH	During a nine-week series, participants meet in a virtual group setting with a public health nurse and learn skills to help reduce symptoms of depression and anxiety by changing thoughts, feelings, and behaviors.	
Provide accessible mental health and substance use health information, resources and expertise through the Parenting in Ottawa website and social media.	OPH	Increase knowledge and understanding that helps parents with positive parenting strategies.	
Provide accessible mental health and wellbeing online modules and education series such as Mind Master's and Healthy Transitions programs for schools and educators.	OPH	Increase positive coping strategies and resiliency among children and youth.	
Provide Party Safer training on safer use of many substances, including opioids, how to identify an overdose and access to naloxone kits.	OPH	Organizers and volunteers at large events, festivals, secondary and post-secondary institutions are better able to identify risks from many substances and prevent & respond to overdoses.	
Provide capacity building training for not-for profit organizations, faith leadership, Ottawa's African, Caribbean, Black and racialized communities, including South Asian communities.	OPH	Increase capacity of health and social service providers as well as community leaders to provide basic mental health, and substance use support as well as overdose prevention, crisis support and suicide prevention to newcomers and racialized communities.	
Provide mental health focused youth group presentations (English & French) in Ottawa Schools and through the online portal for youth.	Youthnet RéseauAdo (YNRA)	Reduce stigma, increase coping strategies, and encourage youth to reach out for help.	
Provide mental health, behavioural addictions, and substance use health presentations in Ottawa schools with youth.	Rideauwood (EN), Le Cap (FR)	Increase student access to prevention, education, and treatment to address substance use, behavioral addictions or mental health issues in and out of school.	

Support the delivery and funding of Project STEP to address substance use health and technology use in Ottawa schools.	Ottawa Network for Education and OPH	Enhance the promotion of mental health and substance use health; improve social and physical environments that support health and well-being; and increase prevention across the health system.  Increase participation in substance use prevention, education and treatment for young people (12 - 18) to reduce the health and social harms of substance use.
Provide mental health and substance use health focused	OPH	Increase access to knowledge building training and supports for
training and supports to Post-Secondary Institutions		post-secondary students during this critically transition period.
Enhance positive coping strategies and improve mental	OPH	Increase knowledge and skills for people to improve their
health and substance use health literacy through the have		wellbeing through the evidence based video series, activity
THAT talk video series and guides.		guides and resources.
Convene the Overdose Prevention and Response Task	OPH along with	Increase collaborative efforts to prevent and respond to
Force to further advance Ottawa's Overdose Response	over 40 partner	overdoses.
Strategy.	agencies	
Advancement of the "Our Community, Our House, Working Together on Wellness" community mobilization project.	OPH	Increase access to Mental Health, Addictions and Substance Use Health programming while prioritizing suicide prevention and overdose prevention trainings and offering pop-up hubs in marginalized and equity-denied communities.
Monitoring and responding to opportunities to influence policies at all levels of government.	OPH	Influence the advancement of healthy public policy.
Respond to the changing needs of the youth in the community by adapting the Youth Connections Ottawa (YCO) peer to peer program based on focus groups with youth from the following equity deserving groups; rural, francophone, African, Caribbean, Black community members and youth from lower socioeconomic status.	OPH	Increase knowledge of positive mental health and substance use health with youth, including positive coping skills and substance refusal skills through peer led initiatives.
Increase capacity of primary care providers by providing training, both in person and through accredited webinar series.	ОРН	Increase knowledge and capacity on mental health, addictions and substance use health, as well as local supports and services. A key focus of this training includes overdose prevention and response.

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# Stigma Reduction Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts
Work alongside people with lived and living expertise on various projects and initiatives.	CAPSA (formerly Community Addictions Peer Support Association) and Ottawa Public Health (OPH)	Recognize the importance of continually working alongside people with lived and living expertise (PWLLE) ensures that the expertise and knowledge of PWLLE are part of the identified needs and solutions.
Review and update the spectrum of substance use health knowledge exchange products.	CAPSA	Advance understanding of substance use health, the spectrum of substance use and further reduce stigma. Recognize, reflect, and acknowledge the evolution of language related to substance use health.
Include acknowledgement of the impact of lives lost related to the overdose crisis and the toxic drug supply.	ОРН	Acknowledging the grief, trauma and impact of lives lost to this crisis helps to reduce the stigma loved ones experience that may prevent them from seeking help.
Actively promote and embed the "Tips for talking about substance use" resource into knowledge exchange product through various channels.	Families for Addiction Recovery and OPH	Supporting families and loved ones to have safe and more effective conversations about the use of substances.
Promote the e-learning module, Stigma: How you can impact change, on Mental Health and Substance Use Health Stigma.	ОРН	Supporting the community to learn about stigma and how everyone can work together to support the community through the language that is chosen.
Standardize the Stigma: How you can impact change, Party Safer and the OD Prevention and Response elearning modules into staff training requirements.	Pinecrest Queensway Community Health Centre (PQCHC) and OPH	Building PQCHC staff capacity who engage with community members within the PQCHC catchment area. Trainings result in increased knowledge about stigma and the impacts of language, types of drugs, drug intoxication and overdose prevention, naloxone, how to respond to an opioid overdose, and availability of local supports.
Expand the Working on Wellness annual event to promote overall wellbeing and the connection between physical health, mental health and substance use health.	CAPSA	Public is more informed about Ottawa's wellness community services including substance use health, mental health and physical health organizations.
Leverage the success of the 2023 City Studio project to expand the reach of stigma and the spectrum of substance use to first year medical students.	OPH and CAPSA	Medical students learn about substance use health and the stigma people face. This knowledge helps break down

		barriers to treatment by addressing and reducing societal stigma.
Embedding stigma, cultural consideration, and language training in frontline paramedic training curriculum.	Ottawa Paramedic Service	Public and 9-1-1 patients feel more safe and comfortable seeking care for mental health, addictions and substance use health by reducing stigmatizing behaviours and language.
Embedding dedicated paramedics who receive specialized training in complex mental health and substance use health considerations in marginalized neighbourhoods.	Ottawa Paramedic Service	Improving access to paramedics and healthcare options for those who experience barriers and stigmatization when seeking care. Improving relationships and trust with a marginalized population.

Harm Reduction Pillar		
Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts
Provide Consumption and Treatment services in	Ottawa Inner City	Reduce deaths by reversing overdoses. Increased # of people
collaboration with partners:	Health (OICH),	connected to additional health and social services through the
3 Consumption and Treatment Services and	Sandy Hill	Supervised Consumption and Treatment Services.
1 Supervised Consumption Service (OPH)	Community	
offering services and referrals to additional	Health Centre	
health and social services in Ottawa.	(SHCHC),	
1 24-hour access point; partner sites actively	Somerset West	
working to expand hours of service to meet	(SWCHC),	
demand.	Ottawa Public	
	Health (OPH)	
Coordinate and lead the Ontario Naloxone	OPH, over 28	Overdoses from opioids are reversed and deaths are reduced.
Program (ONP) for the City of Ottawa, which	community	
provides take-home naloxone access to eligible	partners including	
organizations and their clients.	hospitals and first	
Expand partnership to include additional local	responders	
health and social service agencies, hospital		
emergency departments, Ottawa Police and		
Ottawa Paramedic Services.		

Participate in the provincial Ontario Naloxone Pharmacy Program (ONPP), which provides take-	Pharmacies throughout	More individuals are equipped to save lives and reverse fatal overdoses including those at risk, their family, friends, and people who care for
home naloxone access to eligible clients.	Ottawa	others.
Provide drug checking services through onsite community-based drug checking services and take-home drug testing kits.	Ottawa Inner City Health (OICH), Sandy Hill Centertown Health Centre (SHCHC), OPH, Somerset West Community Health Centre	Reduce overdoses from the local toxic unregulated supply.
Naloxone distribution and party safer messaging at events including local festivals	OPH	More individuals understand how to reduce harms when using substances at events, including how to respond in the event of an overdose.
Prescribed Alternatives ('Safer Supply') Pilot Program: ongoing service provision and evaluation of prescribed alternatives. End of pilot project transition and sustainability plan building on lessons learned from Substance Use and Addictions Program pilot evaluations.	Safer Supply Ottawa and the University of Ottawa	Decreased reported overdose events; increased engagement in other health care and social services such as housing.
Promote use of digital solutions for people using alone such as the National Overdose Response Service (NORS) (peer-based overdose prevention line).	OPH	Reduce overdose deaths for people using alone.
Provide evening outreach to isolated people that use drugs in the Centretown CHC, Carlington CHC, and Somerset West CHC (SWCHC) neighbourhoods.  Provide extensive wrap-around support to service users, including access to primary care, mental health, housing, and harm reduction services.	SWCHC DOPE Team (peer support and overdose response)	Timely and effective support to individuals in distress. Reduced calls for service for police and paramedics. Increased safety for both service users and the broader community.

Employ people with lived and living experience of	OICH, SHCHC,	Increased reach to those segments of the substance using community
substance use to provide outreach services and	SWCHC, Drug	who are most at risk of overdose and death and who face the most
improve community connections.	Users Advocacy	barriers in accessing mainstream health and social service through peer
	League (DUAL)	leaders.
Promoting harm reduction behaviours and	Ottawa	Increased awareness and comfort among population helping in
naloxone kit distribution and education in high	Paramedic	substance use emergencies.
opioid use neighbourhoods.	Service	
Mid-development		
Explore feasibility to expand services to address	OICH, OPH,	Reduced deaths from the inhalation of substances.
overdose by inhalation with partner CTS and	SHCHC,	
clients.	SWCHC	
Collaborate to assess gaps and implement	SWCHC, OICH,	Meet needs of clients of the closed CTS service that are beyond that of
solutions to address gaps in service due to the	SHCHC, OPH	the Homelessness Addiction and Recovery Treatment Hub.
SWCHC CTS closure.		
Provide proactive and responsive outreach	SWCHC -	Increased safety and wellness for people who use drugs as well as
service in the Somerset West and Centretown	Community	broader community.
areas to people who use drugs as point of	Response Team	
connection to health and social services, as well		
as offering a community resource for discarded		
harm reduction equipment		

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#### Co-ordinated Access to Treatment and Services Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts
Maintain Prompt Care Clinic to provide rapid access to	The Royal Mental Health Centre in	Timely access to specialized psychiatric care for
psychiatric consult services for people 18-65.	collaboration with the Ottawa	adults ages 18-65 years who are experiencing
	Hospital	symptoms of mild to moderate mental illness.
Maintain and expand system navigation supports for	The Royal, Mental Health and	AccessMHA makes it easier for people 16 and
adults through AccessMHA. People are paired with a	Addictions Partners for Regional	older to find mental health, addictions and/or
mental health and addictions professional.	Coordinated Access	substance use health support, services, and care
		through referral and ongoing support. People are

		paired with a trained mental health and addictions professional to be connected to needed services from a network of partner organizations.
Maintain system navigation supports for children, youth and families through 1Call1Click.ca.	Kids Come First Health Team	1call1click.ca matches children, youth (from birth to age 21) and families with mental health, addictions and substance use health care service and assist in making an appointment.  Coordinated care for children and youth with complex mental health and addiction needs who require services from numerous providers.
Maintain brief intervention counselling online and phone platform, Counselling Connect.	Network of counselling service providers with strategic oversight provided by the Ottawa Health Team.	Faster access to no cost counselling and support groups for children, youth and adults.
Deliver the Rapid Access Addiction Medicine (RAAM) clinic services, including the digital front door, to help address the growing need for substance use treatment.	The Royal Mental Healthcare Centre	Reduce opioid- and alcohol-related emergency department visits, related emergency department visits, hospitalizations, and deaths. Helps to address the growing need for substance use treatment.
Maintain the Paramedic Mental Wellbeing Response team.	Ottawa Paramedic Services and The Ottawa Hospital	9-1-1 callers experiencing a mental health issue receive more timely medical assessment, referral, care plan and follow-up.
Expansion of the Mental Wellbeing Response team to include access to Rapid Access Addiction Medicine.	Paramedic Services, The Ottawa Hospital and The Royal	Improve access to low barrier treatment services and reduced opioid-related emergency department visits, related emergency department visits, hospitalizations, and deaths.
Launch of the dedicated ByWard Market advanced care paramedic team.	Ottawa Paramedic Services	Build relationships in the local community to be able to connect and assess and respond to situations promptly in an area with high need and high volume of paramedic calls.
Advance the City of Ottawa's Community and Social Services Department 10 Year Housing and Homeless Plan 2020-2030.	City of Ottawa	Increase access to supportive housing to minimize harms from substance use in our communities and better support people experiencing challenges from substance use.

Advance strategic action plan that articulates a comprehensive approach to address the immediate, short-term and long-term needs of unsheltered residents. Includes developing accessible & available services to support mental health and substance use health needs in collaboration with partners.	City of Ottawa's Unsheltered Task Force	Decrease individual and societal harmful impacts experienced by people experiencing homelessness and people unstably housed.
Ask Masi: This project, titled "Ask Masi", trains frontline Primary Perinatal Care Providers (PPCP) with existing prescribing authorities how to screen for perinatal mental illnesses and treat low-level anxiety or depression. Provides real-time peer supervision by phone or e-consult to assist PPCPs with practical feedback on more complex cases and community resources. Offers one-time virtual perinatal psychiatry consultation within one week for the most complex cases to assist PPCP with diagnostic clarification.	The Ottawa Hospital (TOH), Ottawa Birth and Wellness Centre (OBWC), Champlain Maternal Newborn Regional Program (CMNRP)	Improve access to timely perinatal mental healthcare in the Ottawa region by supporting primary perinatal care providers with prescribing authority such as nurse practitioners, family physicians, and obstetricians to independently care for their patients' mild to moderate perinatal mental illnesses (PMIs) closer to home, in community.
Establish the Archipel Postpartum Wellness clinic.	Archipel Ontario Health Team, the Montfort Hospital, and OPH	Timely postpartum mental health support to birthing individuals without a primary care provider.
Established training on co-leading and development with people with lived and living experience (PWLLE) for health care providers including Ontario Health Teams.	CAPSA	Advance efforts to learn from PWLLE as coleaders, experts and developers in system planning.
Promote knowledge exchange resource of Black MHASUH Service providers in Ottawa.	Somerset West Community Health Centre, OPH	Improve information for people in Ottawa's Black community on where to find culturally appropriate service providers.
Mid-development interventions		
Submitted a transition plan to the Ministry of Health to establish a Homelessness, Addiction and Recovery Treatment (HART) Hub	SWCHC, Ottawa Health Team- Équipe Santé Ottawa, Ottawa Community Housing (OCH), Ottawa Salus Corporation and Ottawa Inner City Health, the City of Ottawa and others.	Providing essential support to serve Ottawa residents in the downtown core facing homelessness, substance use challenges, and seeking a wholistic approach to substance use treatment. The hub will offer a full spectrum of services—including primary care, mental health and substance use supports, along with a direct pathway to supportive housing.

Submitted the West Ottawa HART hub (WOHH) application on behalf of 25 collaborating partners.	PQCHC, Ottawa West 4 Rivers OHT MHASUH Action Team and others.	The vision for the WOHH is to provide integrated supports to people experiencing complex health and social issues related to addictions and substance use. The WOHH will also offer early interventions and critical supports that will prevent individuals from slipping into more severe crises, while addressing the unique needs of those facing housing instability and related challenges.
Collaborative application to the Emergency Treatment Fund 2024 with a proposal to address urgent needs relating to the overdose crisis and toxic drug supply. The proposal focuses on outreach and connections to safe spaces.	City of Ottawa, 9 partners	Enhanced outreach in communities hardest hit by the toxic drug crisis will build strong relationships, provide overdose prevention and ensure connections to safe spaces that will provide basic necessities as well as connections to health and social services. This will also include connections to recovery-oriented care when people are ready.
Proposal submitted and accepted by Ontario Health for the Ottawa Hospital to be a preliminary site for the new Substance Use Disorder Integrated Care Pathway.	The Ottawa Hospital and several community partners (OICH, OPH, The Royal RAAM clinics, SWCHC, SHCHC, CAPSA, Psychiatric Survivors of Ottawa, Montfort Renaissance, Hawksbury and District General Hospital, McCain Manor, Cornwall Community Hospital, and AccessMHA.)	Improved substance use health experience in the emergency department with established pathways to services in the community.
Proposal completed for the development of a MHASUH Urgent Care centre.	Ottawa West 4 Rivers OHT MHASUH Action Team	Improved access to receiving timely urgent healthcare.
Healthy@Home: Collaboration of over 20 community partners to submit an application to Ontario Health to provide place-based health and social services to clients identified at risk for eviction in 15 high risk OCH buildings.	Ottawa Public Health Community Social Services Department- City of Ottawa Salus South East Ottawa Community Health Centre	This project has been the care model that has been used to showcase the possibility of integrated, place-based health and housing supports that promote housing stability. This proposal has been submitted and reviewed by various levels of government in order to further

	Ottawa Community Housing	socialize this concept of preventative and collaborative care across the health and housing sectors.
Submitted a transition plan to the Ministry of Health to establish a Homelessness, Addiction and Recovery Treatment (HART) Hub	SWCHC, Ottawa Health Team- Équipe Santé Ottawa, Ottawa Community Housing (OCH), Ottawa Salus Corporation and Ottawa Inner City Health, the City of Ottawa and others.	Providing essential support to serve Ottawa residents in the downtown core facing homelessness, substance use challenges, and seeking a wholistic approach to substance use treatment. The hub will offer a full spectrum of services—including primary care, mental health and substance use supports, along with a direct pathway to supportive housing.



#### Community Safety and Wellbeing Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts
Implementation of the Ottawa Downtown Integrated	Sandy Hill Community	People identified by the ODICST are assessed and
Community Situation Table (ODICST). A group of	Health Centre (SHCHC)	connected to needed supports.
organizations with a network of resources to assess	and The Salvation Army	Community needs are assessed with partner agencies.
needs and deliver a wide array of services from legal	Outreach (co-chairs) and	
support, street outreach, housing, medical treatment,	Ottawa Police Service	
substance use treatment, emergency shelters, safer	(OPS)	
supply and targeted engagement and diversion.		
Implementation of the Community Outreach Response	OPS, Ottawa Paramedic	Enhance public safety and community engagement in
and Engagement (CORE) Strategy in the ByWard	Service, Ottawa Public	Ottawa's downtown core. Breaking down siloes in service
Market neighbourhood and Rideau Street area. This is	Health, OC Transpo, By-	delivery and strategies and increasing awareness on
a multi-partner collaboration to improve community	Law, Public Works,	community safety concerns, while improving safety efforts
safety and well-being in the ByWard Market. The	CSSD	to better care for members in the ByWard market.
collaboration includes multiple frontline service		Increased communication across sectors that have led to
members that meet regularly.		new and collaborative efforts to address community
		wellness as a whole.

Opened the Neighbourhood Operation Centre (NOC) on Rideau St  Provide residents and business with support and information.	OPS  City of Ottawa's  Community Engagement Team	A public-facing storefront that is accessible to residents and those in need to connect them with either police or social services. The NOC is a shared space for all City partners to use and provides a one-stop shop for those seeking help, particularly those at high risk.  Better understanding of concerns and assist with coordination of services.
Enhance the Community Needle Retrieval Programming in areas of identified need identified by community partners, local businesses, community members and health and social services partners. Launch an enhanced community needle reporting process. Launch community needle retrieval services map.	Ottawa Public Health (OPH)	Increased needle drop box locations and needle hunter routes. Increased coordination and enhancement of city and community partner discarded needle retrieval services. Launched a publicly available dashboard to provide more transparency on community needle retrieval.
Conduct routine inspections, complaint-based investigations, enforcement and public reporting for Ontario Ministry of Health funded Consumption and Treatment Services (CTS) operating within the City of Ottawa.	OPH	Results of the routine inspection are found at ottawapublichealth.ca.
Launch of the Alternative Neighbourhood Crisis Response (ANCHOR) Team on August 15 2024 within the Centretown and West Centretown catchments. ANCHOR is a confidential, culturally sensitive and equity centered service; operational 24h/365d/yr.	Guiding Council, the Community Safety and Well-being Plan, Somerset West CHC, Centretown CHC, Community Navigation of Eastern Ontario, (211)	Crisis Response Workers (CRWs) support people experiencing mental health and/ or substance use-related crises; diverting these calls from traditional first responders, such as Police. Post-Crisis, service recipients can be connected with our Post-Crisis Follow Up Worker for a 48hr follow Up to address immediate issues/ concerns and connect service users to wrap around services and support.
Maintain the new 'Block Leaders' program.	Ottawa Inner City Health and the ByWard Market Balanced Task Force	Restore positive aspects of street culture with a priority on improving behavioral norms with people experiencing homelessness and those who use substances.
Advocating for improved community connections and cohesiveness for people experiencing homelessness and all people that work, live and visit the ByWard Market. All people in the Byward Market have an urgent	ByWard Market Balanced Task Force	Restore safe spaces where people can build community with an increased focus on animation, beautification and better lighting, and increased access to resources that meet basic needs.

need for community spaces where people can meet,		
congregate and connect.		
Establishment of the Sandy Hill Community Liaison	Action Sandy Hill,	This committee endeavors to work together to have unique
Committee (SHCLC) in September 2023, which includes	SHCHC, City of Ottawa	perspectives heard as it relates to the localized impacts of
a broad and inclusive representation of business	Community Engagement	rising unmet housing, social and healthcare needs and the
owners, direct and indirect service providers, housed	Team	toxic drug supply in the area and strives to work on short-
residents and persons with lived/living experience with		and long-term localized solutions for a safe and thriving
homelessness and/or addictions.		community for all. As activities start to take shape, regular
		briefings will be produced from this group and shared with
		federal, provincial, municipal and other stakeholders.



# Cluster and Response Strategy Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts
Continue to maintain an early warning and enhanced local	Overdose Prevention	Communicate public messages to provide timely and
surveillance system, which includes real-time qualitative and	and Response taskforce	lifesaving information on the toxic drug supply,
quantitative indicators and complementary information on	(ODPRTF) and Ottawa	knowing the signs of an overdose, carrying
local overdose risk (stopoverdoseottawa.ca).	Public Health (OPH)	naloxone, and calling 9-1-1.
Issue timely drug warnings and share information on local	ODPRTF, the Office of	Provide timely warnings of local trends and toxic
trends that impact health and wellbeing, including updating	the Chief Coroner	substances in the drug supply allows for earlier
the alert system using Stop Overdose Ottawa (i.e., new		action to prevent further harms and deaths.
substances in the toxic drug supply such as xylazine and		
benzodiazepines).		
Maintain the "Ottawa Inter-agency Opioid Overdose Cluster	ODPRTF	Outlines the operational responses of all partner
Response Plan".		organizations to a cluster of opioid overdoses in the
		City.
Leverage technology through the new public drug alert	OPH and the ODPRTF	Increase availability and reach of timely information
system		related to the toxic drug supply.

#### Data and Surveillance Pillar

Interventions	Lead agencies	Outcomes and impacts		
Provide timely surveillance data and early	Ottawa Public	Monitor and act on the evolving overdose crisis to prevent and reduce		
indicators on the overdose crisis through the	Health (OPH)	overdoses.		
overdose overview tool on				
stopoverdoseottawa.ca.				
Provide data and evidence that supports actions.	Ottawa Coroner's	Monitor trends in the toxic drug supply to ensure evidence informed		
	Office	interventions to reduce deaths. Examples include recommendations		
		such as safer inhalation services and drug checking services.		
Implement recommendations from the Mental	OPH	Address the beliefs, experiences, gaps, and opportunities for mental		
Health of Ottawa's Black Community Report for		health supports for people in Ottawa's Black Community.		
mental health supports in Ottawa's Black				
Community including Establishment of the Ottawa				
Black Mental Health Coalition and targeted				
interventions with Faith Leaders.				
Conduct Population Health Surveys to assess	OPH	Identify local MHASUH needs and issues with a focus on stigma and		
aspects related to mental health, addictions and		help seeking, to inform action. Increase surveillance efforts across the		
substance use health of people in Ottawa through		province.		
collaborative efforts with the Rapid Risk Factor				
Surveillance System.				
Advocate for the inclusion of an additional stigma	OPH	Inform service providers about the areas of concern among youth in		
focused question in the 2025 Ottawa results of the		relation to MHASUH stigma, for system planning and service level		
Ontario Student Drug Use and Health survey.		interventions.		
Maintain and ensure knowledge mobilization of	OPH, Overdose	Inform actions for system and service planning, identify needs and gaps		
the Mental Health, Addictions and Substance Use	Prevention and	as well as opportunities for research.		
Health Community Dashboard which provides a	Response Task			
fulsome status of mental health, addictions and	Force, and other			
substance use health experiences in Ottawa.	partners			
Analyze and disseminate the 2023 Ottawa results	OPH	Inform service providers about the areas of concern among youth in		
of the Ontario Student Drug Use and Health		relation to MHASUH, for system planning and service level		
survey.		interventions.		
Enhanced Surveillance due to service reductions	OPH	This allowed for timely monitoring and reporting on the impacts of this		
at two of Ottawa's Consumption and Treatment		service disruption. Additionally, qualitative feedback and		

Service (CTS) sites. In addition to monitoring quantitative data on health harms, qualitative data on people's experiences during this time was also captured.		recommendations from those impacted by these closures has informed future service planning.
Supported health and social service partners through the development of knowledge mobilization resources that present local data and supported system and service level planning, including funding applications.	OPH	Inform system and service planning and interventions as well as securing funding for different initiatives.
Mid-development		
Further knowledge mobilization to service provider partners of the 2023 OSDUH Ottawa results.	ОРН	Improved understanding of the 2023 OSDUHS results by people who work with children and youth to influence action and decision making.

#### Ottawa's Overdose Prevention and Response Strategy Priority Setting for 2025

Below are key examples of work that will be advanced throughout 2025 under the strategy to prevent harms and promote wellness.

<b>Key Priorities for 2025</b>	Lead agencies	Pillar Alignment	Example of Activity(s)
Continue to build upon efforts to prevent overdoses and reduce harm that can be experienced from substance use.	ODPRTF	Prevention across the lifespan	Prevention education at events and festivals, organizations and at schools
Advance efforts to promote the use of non-stigmatizing language, including person-first language.	OPH, CAPSA, FAR	Reduce Stigma	<ul> <li>City Studio project</li> <li>Sharing the Stigma: How you can impact change module</li> </ul>
Collaborate to assess gaps and implement solutions to address gaps due to the SWCHC CTS closure.	CTS partners ODPRTF	Harm Reduction	<ul> <li>Monitor impacts of the closure of SWCHC CTS</li> <li>Provision of Consumption and Treatment Services and drug checking at remaining sites</li> <li>Advancement of Ontario Naloxone Program and Ontario Naloxone Pharmacy Program</li> </ul>

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Ensure people experiencing homelessness and who are at a point of readiness for recovery have access and support.	SWCHC, OICH, Salus, OCH	Co-ordinated access to treatment and services	<ul> <li>Implementation of the HART hubs</li> <li>Community information sessions to discuss scope of HART hub and identify concerns, opportunities and potential gaps</li> </ul>
Improve pathways from acute care settings to community care for people experiencing challenges with their substance use.	TOH, Kids Come First	Co-ordinated access to treatment and services	<ul> <li>TOH as early adapter and phase 1 site for the Substance Use Disorder Integrated Care Pathway project from Ontario Health</li> <li>KCF SUAP project: Hospital-Community Collaboration to Improve Trauma-Informed and Culturally Sensitive Alcohol Use Disorder Screening, Brief Intervention, and Referral for Youth</li> </ul>
Enhance and co-ordinate outreach efforts and access to safer spaces.	CSSD, OPH, Health and Social service provider partners	Community Safety and Wellbeing	<ul> <li>Advancing the Downtown Outreach Co-design project which aligns with other initiatives to improve outreach and connections to safer spaces</li> <li>Collaboratively implement the Urgent Connections: Collaborative Outreach and Connections to Safer Spaces to Combat Ottawa's Toxic Drug Crisis Project</li> </ul>
Advance efforts to ensure a coordinated emergency response to the toxic drug crisis.	ODPRTF	Cluster and Response	Update the Cluster and Response Strategy
Continue surveillance and communication on the toxic drug crisis and other mental health, addictions and substance use health issues.	OPH	Data and Surveillance	<ul> <li>Collaborative surveillance efforts related to the CST closure</li> <li>Continued maintenance, monitoring and sharing of data through the OD reporting tool and the MHASUH community dashboard</li> </ul>