Document 1

### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The City of Ottawa

**December 31, 2016** 

#### **MANAGEMENT'S REPORT**

The integrity, relevance and comparability of the data in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of management of the City of Ottawa (the "City").

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB) of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. The financial statements necessarily include some amounts that are based on the best estimates and judgments of management. Financial data elsewhere in the report is consistent with that in the financial statements.

To assist in its responsibility, management maintains accounting, budget and other controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are reliable for the preparation of financial statements.

The Auditor General's office reports directly to City Council ("Council") and, on an ongoing basis, carries out its audit program to ensure internal controls and their application are reviewed and financial information is tested and independently verified.

Council fulfils its responsibility for financial reporting through its Audit Committee and Finance and Economic Development Committee.

Ernst & Young LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, have been appointed by Council to express an opinion on the City's consolidated financial statements. Their report follows.

Steve Kanellakos City Manager Ottawa, Canada Marian Simulik City Treasurer Ottawa, Canada

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Mayor and Members of Council

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **The City of Ottawa**, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016 and the consolidated statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net debt, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **The City of Ottawa** as at December 31, 2016 and the results of its operations, its change in net debt and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Ottawa, Canada

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

June, 2017

Licensed Public Accountants

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

As at December 31, 2016, with comparative information as at December 31, 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 1 - Consolidated statement of financial position - Financial assets

Financial assets	2016	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$257,124	\$95,017
Accounts receivable [note 3]	630,299	626,590
Investments [note 4]	1,273,376	1,387,644
Investment in government business enterprise [note 5]	426,795	413,397
Total financial assets	2,587,594	2,522,648

Table 2 - Consolidated statement of financial position - Liabilities

Liabilities	2016	2015
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities [note 6]	1,148,444	1,001,255
Deferred revenue [note 7]	563,272	497,903
Employee future benefits and pension agreements [note 8]	595,152	588,553
Accrued interest	25,763	23,809
Landfill closure and post-closure [note 9]	24,676	20,828
Contaminated sites [note 10]	9,374	6,801
Net long-term debt [note 11]	1,710,431	1,621,896
Mortgages payable [note 12]	237,230	215,563
Capital lease obligations [note 13]	106,269	110,514
Total liabilities	4,420,611	4,087,122
Net debt	(1,833,017)	(1,564,474)

Table 3 - Consolidated statement of financial position - Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets	2016	2015
Tangible capital assets [note 14]	14,494,891	13,741,490
Inventories	32,174	25,189
Prepaid expenses	30,476	20,871
Total non-financial assets	14,557,541	13,787,550
Accumulated surplus [note 15]	\$12,724,524	\$12,223,076

Contingencies and commitments [note 16]

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 4 - Consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus - Revenue

	2016		
	Budget	2016	2015
Revenue	[note 21]	Actual	Actual
Taxes available for municipal purposes			
[note 17]	\$1,671,093	\$1,653,541	\$1,626,544
Government transfers	881,439	907,057	858,647
Fees and user charges	809,566	815,294	783,282
Contributed tangible capital assets	182,296	182,296	184,121
Development charges	123,579	121,851	137,743
Investment income	36,241	40,570	29,575
Fines and penalties	27,387	31,618	27,416
Other revenue	34,191	30,730	22,010
Share of earnings of government business			
enterprise [note 5]	32,436	34,836	32,370
Total revenue	3,798,228	3,817,793	3,701,708

Table 5 - Consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus - Expenses

	2016		
	Budget	2016	2015
Expenses	[note 21]	Actual	Actual
General government	95,903	92,017	95,681
Protection to persons and property	573,864	578,309	557,516
Roads, traffic and parking	400,538	413,504	426,978
Transit	578,035	563,769	556,332
Environmental services	389,704	381,763	378,303
Health services	161,832	162,164	163,260
Social and family services	441,283	463,604	441,631
Social housing	271,256	273,291	259,246
Recreation and cultural services	318,062	316,348	333,828
Planning and development	65,690	69,538	61,739
Total expenses [note 18]	3,296,167	3,314,307	3,274,514
Annual surplus	502,061	503,486	427,194
Accumulated surplus, beginning of the year	12,270,888	12,223,076	11,789,207
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,038)	(2,038)	6,675
Accumulated surplus, end of the year	\$12,770,911	\$12,724,524	\$12,223,076

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT**

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 6 - Consolidated statement of change in net debt

	2016	2016	2015
Consolidated statement of change in net debt	Budget	Actual	Actual
Annual surplus	502,061	503,486	\$427,194
Acquisition of tangible capital assets including			
contributed assets	(1,093,107)	(1,093,107)	(929,418)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	318,951	318,951	332,300
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	18,431	18,431	40,313
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	2,324	2,324	1,814
Supply of inventories	(6,985)	(6,985)	(603)
Prepaid expenses	(9,605)	(9,605)	3,117
Change in net debt	(267,930)	(266,505)	(125,283)
Net debt, beginning of the year	(1,564,474)	(1,564,474)	(1,445,866)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(2,038)	(2,038)	6,675
Net debt, end of the year	\$(1,834,442)	\$(1,833,017)	\$(1,564,474)

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 7 - Consolidated statement of cash flows - Operating activites

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2016	2015
Annual surplus	\$503,486	\$427,194
Items not affecting cash		
Share of earnings of government business enterprise	(34,836)	(32,370)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	318,951	332,300
Contributed tangible capital assets	(182,296)	(184,121)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	18,431	40,313
Cash provided by operating activities, adjusted for non-cash items	623,736	583,316
Changes in non-cash assets and liabilities		
Increase in accounts receivable	(3,709)	(190,997)
Increase in inventories	(6,985)	(603)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(9,605)	3,117
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	147,189	216,272
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue	65,369	(32,482)
Increase in employee future benefits and pension agreements	6,599	26,358
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest	1,954	(154)
Increase in landfill closure and post-closure liabilities	3,848	10,559
Increase (decrease) in liabilities for contaminated sites	2,573	(194)
Cash provided by operating activities	830,969	615,192
Table 8 - Consolidated statement of cash flows - Capital activities		
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES	2016	2015
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(910,811)	(745,297)
Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets	2,324	1,814
Cash applied to capital activities	(908,487)	(743,483)
Table 9 - Consolidated statement of cash flows - Investing activities		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	2016	2015
Decrease (increase) in investments	114,268	(290,439)
Dividends from Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc.	19,400	18,200
Cash provided by (applied to) investing activities	133,668	(272,239)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS [CONTINUED]

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for the year ended December 31, 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 10 - Consolidated statement of cash flows - Financing activities

FINANCING ACTIVITIES	2016	2015
New debt issued	222,676	167,419
Interest earned on sinking funds	(3,448)	(2,988)
Debt principal repayments		
Net long-term debt	(98,225)	(90,400)
Mortgages	(10,801)	(10,952)
Capital lease obligations	(4,245)	(3,001)
Cash provided by financing activities	105,957	60,078

Table 11 - Consolidated statement of cash flows - Change in cash and cash equivalents

Change in cash and cash equivalents	2016	2015
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	162,107	(340,452)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	95,017	435,469
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$257,124	\$95,017

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

The City of Ottawa [the "City"] was created through provincial legislation on December 20, 1999 and commenced operations on January 1, 2001.

The City is responsible for providing municipal services such as employment and financial assistance; long-term care; community services and libraries; emergency and protective services including police, fire and ambulance; and transportation, utilities and public works, including roads, sewers and wastewater, drinking water, waste collection and disposal.

As sole shareholder of Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. ["Hydro Ottawa"], and the Ottawa Community Housing Corporation ["OCHC"], the City also provides hydro and housing services to the residents of Ottawa. In 2009, the Ottawa Community Lands Development and the Manotick Mill Quarter Community Development Corporations were created for the purpose of promoting and undertaking community improvements in the City by managing real property.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The consolidated financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board ["PSAB"] of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of the City reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses for the activities of all committees of Council and the following boards, Business Improvement Areas ["BIAs"] and entities:

The Police Services Board
The Ottawa Public Library Board
The Ottawa Board of Health

The Ottawa Community Housing

Corporation

Manotick Mill Quarter Community

Development Corporation

Ottawa Community Lands Development

Corporation

The Bank Street BIA
The Westboro Village BIA

The Sparks Street BIA
The Somerset Street Chinatown BIA

The Glebe BIA

The Heart of Orleans BIA
The Carp Road Corridor BIA

The Carp Village BIA

The Vanier BIA
The Manotick BIA

The Sparks Street Mall Authority

The Somerset Village BIA
The Preston Street BIA
The Byward Market BIA
The Downtown Rideau BIA

The Barrhaven BIA

The Wellington West BIA
The Kanata North BIA
The Bells Corners BIA

All interfund assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have been eliminated.

Condensed supplementary information for the Ottawa Public Library Board is provided in Appendix 1.

Hydro Ottawa and its subsidiaries are accounted for on a modified equity basis, consistent with the generally accepted accounting treatment for such government business enterprise [see note 5]. These corporations follow International Financial Reporting Standards ["IFRS"]. Under the modified equity basis, the business enterprise's accounting policies are not adjusted to conform to those of the City, and inter-organizational transactions and balances are not eliminated. Other comprehensive income or loss of the enterprise is recorded directly to the City's accumulated surplus and net debt.

#### School boards

The taxation, other revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these consolidated financial statements as school boards are separate entities and the City does not control or have any involvement in the operations of school boards.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### Use of estimates and measurement uncertainty

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions on such areas as employee benefits, property tax assessment appeals, legal claims, landfill closure and post-closure liabilities and liabilities for contaminated sites. These estimates and assumptions are based on the City's best information and judgment and actual amounts may differ significantly from these estimates.

#### **Revenue and expenses**

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes revenue as it is earned and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable, as a result of receipt of goods or services.

#### Tax revenue

Annually, the City bills and collects property tax revenue for municipal purposes, provincial education taxes on behalf of the Province of Ontario [the "Province"], payment in lieu of taxes, local improvements and other charges [see note 17]. The authority to levy and collect property taxes is established under the Municipal Act, 2001, the Assessment Act, the Education Act, and other legislation.

Taxation revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period to which the assessment relates where reasonable estimates of amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to prior years, which were not estimable until the current year.

#### **Government transfers**

Government transfers are transfers from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction. Government transfers are recognized in the fiscal years during which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, eligibility criteria and stipulations have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

In addition, the City provides transfers to individuals or organizations. These transfers are recognized as expenses once they are authorized and eligibility criteria, if any, are met.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### Fees and user charges

Fees and user charges relate to transit fares; utility charges; water, wastewater, and solid waste; licensing fees; fees for use of various programming; and fees imposed based on specific activities. Revenue is recognized when the activity is performed or when the services are rendered.

#### Contributed tangible capital assets

Contributed tangible capital assets represent assets that are donated or contributed to the City by developers. Revenue is recognized in the year the assets are contributed and have been recognized at fair market value at the date of contribution.

### **Development charges**

Development charges are one-time fees levied by the City on new residential and non-residential properties to help fund a portion of the growth-related capital infrastructure. The authority to introduce development charges is provided by provincial legislation, and the operational details and schedule of charges are outlined in the City's by-law. Development charges are determined and accounted for by type of service component. The amount of charges varies by dwelling type and by location within the City reflecting different actual costs of establishing and providing the service. The underlying intent of development charges is that growth pays for growth and that the financing of capital costs required to service new growth does not place a burden on existing taxpayers.

Actual funding transfers to capital projects are made in accordance with regulations that stipulate that development charges may only be applied to projects when costs are incurred. Growth-related spending authority is approved annually as part of the City's budgeting process, with only those capital projects included in the current Development Charges Background Study being eligible for funding. Development charge fund balances are monitored annually through the capital budget approval process to ensure they are in compliance with the overall policies adopted by Council. Development charges are recognized as revenue when the related expenses are incurred.

#### Investment income

Investment income is recorded as revenue in the period in which it is earned. Investment income also includes income from the City's Endowment Fund.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### Other revenue

Other revenue includes revenue from cash in lieu of parkland, cash in lieu of parking and other miscellaneous revenue. Amounts received relating to revenue that will be earned in a subsequent year are deferred and reported as deferred revenue.

#### **Financial instruments**

The City's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, accrued interest, net long-term debt, and mortgages payable.

The City uses derivative financial instruments consisting of bank swaps to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk related to its debt. The City does not use financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The City uses bank swaps to manage commodity price fluctuations. These bank swaps are used to set a fixed price for a specific quantity over a defined term and settle on specific dates commensurate with the defined term. Swaps result in a payment or receipt of funds to or from the counterparty to the transaction. Gains (receipts) or losses (payments) are recognized in the same period as the delivery of the underlying commodity.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less from the date when the securities are purchased.

#### **Investments**

Investments are recorded at amortized cost less amounts written off to reflect a permanent decline in value. Investments consist of authorized investments pursuant to provisions of the *Municipal Act* and comprise financial instruments issued by the Canadian government and Schedule I, II, and III banks, as well as asset-backed securities and eligible commercial paper. Investments for the Endowment Fund also include Canadian equities and corporate bonds as authorized by Provincial Regulation 438/97 and the Investment Policy approved by City Council. Investments with original maturity dates of more than 90 days are classified as investments on the consolidated statement of financial position.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### **Deferred revenue**

Certain amounts are received pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used in the conduct of certain programs or in the completion of specific work. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. These amounts are recorded as deferred revenue and are recognized as revenue in the year during which the related expenses are incurred provided eligibility criteria and stipulations have been met.

### **Employee benefit plans**

The City has adopted the following policies with respect to employee benefit plans:

- [a] The costs of post-employment benefits are recognized as a liability when the event that obligates the City occurs. The costs are actuarially determined using projected future income payments, health care continuation costs, and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.
- [b] The costs of post-retirement benefits are recognized as a liability when the event that obligates the City occurs. The costs are actuarially determined using the projected benefits method prorated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees, salary escalation, expected health care costs, and plan investment performance.
- [c] Past service costs for plan amendments related to prior-period employee services are accounted for in the period of the plan amendment. The effects of gain or loss from settlements or curtailments are expensed in the period during which they occur. Net actuarial gains and losses related to employee benefits are amortized over the estimated average remaining service life of the related employee group. Employee future benefits are discounted using current interest rates on City-issued long-term bonds.
- [d] The costs of workplace safety and insurance obligations are recognized as a liability when the event that obligates the City occurs. The costs are actuarially determined and expensed in the period they occur.
- [e] The costs of termination benefits and compensated absences are recognized when the event that obligates the City occurs; costs include projected future income payments, health care continuation costs, and fees paid to independent administrators of these plans, calculated on a present value basis.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### **Pension agreements**

The City has adopted the following policies with respect to pension agreements:

- [a] The contributions to a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan are expensed when contributions are due.
- [b] The actuarial valuation is determined using the projected unit credit method prorated on credited service. It is also based on management's best estimates and assumptions that include assumptions for employee retirement ages, salary escalation, and plan investment performance, which are used for discounting benefits. Plan assets are valued using a market-related value, determined over a three-year period.

#### Legal claims and contingencies

Estimated costs to settle legal claims and possible legal claims are determined based on available information. Where the costs are deemed to be likely and reasonably determinable, claims are reported as an expense on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus and a liability on the consolidated statement of financial position. Where costs are deemed not to be determinable, no liability is reported on the consolidated statement of financial position.

### Landfill closure and post-closure liabilities

The estimated costs to close and maintain solid waste landfill sites are based on future expenses for 25 years, adjusted for inflation and discounted to current dollars. These costs are reported as a liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### **Contaminated sites**

When all the criteria for recognition are met, the City accrues a liability to estimate the cost to remediate contaminated sites to the level necessary to allow the property to meet the environmental standards appropriate to its current or prior use.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the ordinary course of operations.

#### [a] Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost, which includes amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development, or betterment of an asset. The costs, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets, excluding land, are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Table 12 - Useful life of tangible capital assets

Asset - Useful life - Years	Minimum	Maximum
Buildings and improvements	20	80
Infrastructure linear-roads	50	75
Infrastructure linear-water/wastewater	50	100
Land improvements	50	200
Machinery, plant and equipment	10	50
Vehicles	5	15

Assets under construction are not amortized. All assets start amortization in the month following the in-service date.

### [b] Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions have been recorded at their fair market value at the date of receipt and are included in revenue in the year of contribution.

### [c] Intangible assets

Intangible assets and natural resources that have not been purchased are not recognized as assets in the consolidated financial statements.

### [d] Interest capitalization

The City's tangible capital asset policy does not allow for the capitalization of interest costs incurred by the City associated with the acquisition or construction of a tangible capital asset.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES [CONTINUED]

#### [e] Leases

Leases are classified as operating or capital leases. Leases that transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases and recorded as a liability. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

#### [f] Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

#### Reserves and reserve funds

Reserves and reserve funds comprise funds set aside for specific purposes by Council [see note 15]. Reserve funds set aside by legislation, regulation, or agreement are reported as deferred revenue on the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable comprise the following:

Table 13 - Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable	2016	2015
Taxes and user charges	\$155,990	\$155,561
Federal government	211,263	201,362
Provincial government	190,232	204,059
Trade	72,814	65,608
Total accounts receivable	\$630,299	\$626,590

#### 4. INVESTMENTS

Fair market values for City investments are based on pricing sources that gather data on a daily basis from secondary market trading activity. Investments comprise the following:

Table 14 - 2016 investments breakdown

	2016		
		Fair market	
Investments	Cost	value	Carrying value
Federal government bonds	\$179,780	\$182,403	\$179,780
Provincial government bonds	243,183	245,975	243,183
Municipal government bonds	214,850	219,112	214,850
Corporate bonds (Schedule I banks)	402,893	403,506	402,893
Endowment [note 2]	162,632	197,664	162,632
Other	70,038	69,675	70,038
Total	\$1,273,376	\$1,318,335	\$1,273,376

Table 15 - 2015 investments breakdown

		2015	
		Fair market	
Investments	Cost	value	Carrying Value
Federal government bonds	\$257,272	\$263,764	\$257,272
Provincial government bonds	211,089	216,301	211,089
Municipal government bonds	198,055	204,927	198,055
Corporate bonds (Schedule I banks)	503,728	504,599	503,728
Endowment [note 2]	170,576	186,080	170,576
Other	46,924	47,708	46,924
Total	\$1,387,644	\$1,423,379	\$1,387,644

Included in the City's municipal government bonds portfolio are City of Ottawa debentures at coupon rates varying from 3.05% to 7.25% [2015 – 3.05% to 8.25%] with a carrying value of \$10,137 [2015 – \$10,790].

The holdings of the Endowment Fund are selected by professional portfolio managers engaged by the City and are subject to the investment policy adopted by City Council as detailed in note 2. The City determines the market value of the Fund to be maintained.

Other includes guaranteed investment certificates, commercial paper, asset-backed securities and units of the One Investment Program equity portfolio operated by a subsidiary of the Municipal Finance Officers' Association of Ontario.

### 4. INVESTMENTS [CONTINUED]

The weighted average yield on investments held as at December 31, 2016 is 1.79% [2015 – 1.87%]. Investments mature from January 25, 2017 to December 1, 2048, [2015 – January 5, 2016 to December 1, 2048].

According to the investment policy for the Endowment Fund adopted by City Council, investment earnings are paid to the City at the lesser of 6.5% and the actual earnings of the Endowment Fund, provided that the market value of the Fund is not reduced below the original \$200,000 investment. In 2016, \$18,000 [2015 – \$0] was distributed from the Endowment Fund to the City.



### 5. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISE

### Investment [100% owned] in Hydro Ottawa

The following table provides condensed supplementary financial information for Hydro Ottawa under IFRS:

Table 16 - Hydro Ottawa condensed financial information - Assets

Financial position [As at December 31]	2016	2015
Current assets	\$283,446	\$181,376
Capital assets	1,267,838	1,072,731
Other assets	79,294	30,256
Total assets	\$1,630,578	\$1,284,363
Table 17 - Hydro Ottawa condensed financial information - Li	abilities	
Liabilities	2016	2015
Current liabilities	267,504	159,976
Other liabilities	936,279	710,990
Total liabilities	1,203,783	870,966
Net assets	\$426,795	\$413,397
Table 18 - Hydro Ottawa condensed financial information – Ne	et assets	
Net assets consisting of investment in Hydro Ottawa	2016	2015
Common shares [100%]	\$228,453	\$228,453
Retained earnings	193,705	178,269
Accumulated other comprehensive income	4,637	6,675
Net assets	\$426,795	\$413,397

Table 19 - Hydro Ottawa condensed financial information - Results of operations

Results of operations [For the year ended December 31]	2016	2015
Total revenue	\$1,205,735	\$1,099,267
Total expenses	1,170,899	1,066,897
Net income	\$34,836	\$32,370

### 5. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISE [CONTINUED]

The City, as holder of common shares in Hydro Ottawa, is entitled to receive dividends related to 2016 operations as declared by Hydro Ottawa's Board. Dividends in the amount of \$19,400 [2015 – \$18,200] were received in 2016 related to 2015 operations. During the year, the City purchased electricity from Hydro Ottawa at prices and terms approved by the Ontario Energy Board. In addition, the following transactions took place during the year:

Table 20 - Transactions with Hydro Ottawa

Services purchased from Hydro Ottawa by the City	2016	2015
Energy management consulting	\$8,882	\$3,657
Other services	5,806	2,513
		-
Fees paid to the City by Hydro Ottawa	2016	2015
Property taxes, fuel, permits and other services	\$2,744	\$2,165

As at December 31, 2016, Hydro Ottawa's accounts receivable include \$9,203 [2015 – \$5,595] due in respect of the transactions above, while Hydro Ottawa's accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$136 [2015 – \$131] due to the City and its subsidiaries.

### 6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities comprise the following:

Table 21 - Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2016	2015
Trade payables and accruals	\$1,010,880	\$891,659
Payroll accruals and deductions	137,564	109,596
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$1,148,444	\$1,001,255

#### 7. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue, set aside for specific purposes by legislation, regulation or agreement, comprises the following:

Table 22 - Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue	2016	2015
Development charges	\$413,204	\$361,308
Other government transfers	33,973	25,553
Other deferred revenue	37,986	28,970
Building code revenue	46,524	51,006
Cash in lieu of parkland	27,485	27,007
Cash in lieu of parking	4,100	4,059
Total deferred revenue	\$563,272	\$497,903

#### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS

Employee future benefits and pension agreements liabilities comprise the following:

Table 23 - Employee future benefits and pension agreements

Employee future benefits and pension agreements	2016	2015
Employee future benefits	\$585,183	\$565,420
City of Ottawa Superannuation Fund	9,969	23,133
OC Transpo Employee's pension plan	0	0
Total	\$595,152	\$588,553

### [a] Employee future benefits

Employee future benefit liabilities of the City as at December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015, are as follows:

Table 24 - Employee future benefits

Employee future benefits	2016	2015
Post-retirement benefits	\$211,215	\$203,351
Post-employment benefits	242,210	221,510
WSIB	131,758	140,559
Total	\$585,183	\$565,420

The defined benefit plans relating to post-retirement and post-employment provide a variety of benefits to retirees and active and long-term disabled employees, including income, medical, dental, and life insurance; workers' compensation; and sick leave benefits.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS [CONTINUED]

The City is a Schedule 2 employer under the *Workplace Safety and Insurance Act* and, as such, assumes full responsibility for financing its workplace safety insurance costs. The accrued obligation represents the present value of future benefits on existing claims.

The continuity for post-retirement, post-employment, and Workplace Safety and Insurance Board ["WSIB"] benefits for 2016 is as follows:

Table 25 - Employee future benefits continuity

	Post-	Post-		
Employee future benefits continuity	retirement	employment	WSIB	Total
Balance, at the beginning of the year	\$203,351	\$221,510	\$140,559	\$565,420
Current service costs/cost of new				
claims	9,348	42,319	5,070	56,737
Interest cost	5,649	6,831	3,870	16,350
Amortization of actuarial loss	(84)	2,136	0	2,052
Benefits paid	(7,049)	(30,586)	(17,741)	(55,376)
Balance, at the end of the year	\$211,215	\$242,210	\$131,758	\$585,183

Expenses for post-retirement and post-employment benefits in the amount of \$66,199 [2015 – \$62,216] are recorded on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

The liability for post-retirement and post-employment benefits is calculated based on an estimate of future outlays required under contractual agreements with various City employee bargaining units. These estimates are based on a number of assumptions regarding the expected costs of benefits, which are dependent on the demographic makeup of the various groups, future interest rates, and inflation rates. The liability for WSIB is calculated based on an estimate of future claims to be insured. This is based on a number of assumptions including future interest rates, inflation rates, and the history of claims with City employees. The City engages the services of an actuarial consulting firm to provide a determination of the City's obligation for post-retirement and post-employment benefits, as well as for WSIB benefits.

Due to the complexities in valuing the plans, actuarial valuations are conducted on a periodic basis. The liabilities for post-retirement and post-employment benefits reported in these consolidated financial statements are based on a valuation as of September 30, 2016 with an extrapolation to December 31, 2016. The liability for WSIB benefits reported in these consolidated financial statements is based on a valuation as of December 31, 2015 with an extrapolation to December 31, 2016.

Gains or losses are generated each year due to changes in assumptions and corrections or clarifications to the plan design previously provided by the City. These gains or losses are amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee groups

### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS [CONTINUED]

beginning in the year following the gain or loss. Amortization of the 2016 actuarial loss of \$7,171 [2015 – gain \$8,807] for post-retirement and post-employment benefits will

commence in fiscal 2017. Amortization of the 2016 actuarial loss of \$323 [2015 – nil] for WSIB will commence in fiscal 2017.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the City's accrued benefit obligations and benefit cost for post-retirement, post-employment benefits and WSIB are as follows:

Table 26 - Actuarial assumptions

Actuarial assumptions	2016	2015
Discount rate	3.00%	2.8%
Inflation rate	2.00%	2.00%
Salary increase rate	1.75% to 2.50 in 2017	2.00% to 2.50% in 2016
	1.95% to 2.50 in 2018	and thereafter
	2.00 to 2.50% there after	
Health care inflation rate	5.18% grading down to 4.50%	5.40% grading down to 4.50%
	in 2029	in 2029

An employee benefits reserve fund has been established to help reduce the future impact of employee future benefit obligations. As at December 31, 2016, the balance in the employee benefits reserve fund was \$64,599 [2015 – \$69,307] [see note 15].

### [b] Pension agreements

### [i] Ontario Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

The City makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System ["OMERS"], which is a multi-employer pension plan, on behalf of most of its employees.

The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on length of service and rates of pay. The City's contribution to the OMERS plan for 2016 totalled \$116,766 [2015 – \$117,732] for current services and is included as an expense on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus. These contributions were matched with identical employee contributions for both years.

As OMERS is a multi-employer pension plan, the City does not recognize in its consolidated financial statements any share of the pension plan deficit of \$2,341,000 [2015 – \$5,259,000] as this is a joint responsibility of all Ontario municipalities and their employees.

#### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS [CONTINUED]

The amount contributed for past service to OMERS for the year ended December 31, 2016 totalled \$535 [2015 – \$673] and is included as an expense on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus.

#### [ii] City of Ottawa Superannuation Fund

The City sponsors the City of Ottawa Superannuation Fund ["COSF"], a defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits to employees based on length of service and rates of pay. With the introduction of OMERS, the COSF became a closed group in 1965. As at December 31, 2016, there were no active members and 599 pension recipients. As at December 31, 2015, there were no active members and 634 pension recipients. Pension payments during 2016 amounted to \$17,329 [2015 – \$21,290]. No employee or matching employer contributions to this pension plan for current service were required in 2016 or 2015. Employer contributions for past service amounted to \$3,258 in 2016 [2015 – \$3,258].

The reported accrued benefit liability is as follows:

Table 27 - City of Ottawa Superannuation Fund pension accrued benefit liability

City of Ottawa Superannuation Fund	2016	2015
Pension fund assets - end of the year	\$182,624	\$181,812
Accrued benefit obligation - end of the year	186,765	194,513
Plan deficiency	4,141	12,701
Unamortized actuarial gains	5,828	10,432
Liability at end of year	9,969	23,133
Accrued benefit liability	\$9,969	\$23,133
Table 28 - Superannuation fund pension- related expenses		
Eveneses	2046	204E

Expenses	2016	2015
Pension gain, including change in valuation allowance	\$(10,431)	\$(14,151)
Pension interest expense	526	1,123
Total pension-related expenses	\$(9,905)	\$(13,028)

There is no remaining service life in this plan.

The actuarial valuation performed for accounting purposes was based on a number of assumptions that are based on management's best estimates and are in accordance with accepted actuarial practice. Inflation rate was estimated at 2.00% [2015 - 2.00%] and the discount rate for the plan was estimated at 4.60% [2015 - 4.75%]

The accrued benefit obligations and benefit cost levels will change in the future as a result of future changes in the actuarial methods and assumptions, the membership data, the plan provisions and the legislative rules, or as a result of true experience gains or losses.

### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS [CONTINUED]

Emerging experience, differing from the assumptions, will result in gains or losses that will be included in future accounting valuations.

The reported pension liability of the above plan has been reflected on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The last filed actuarial valuation for funding purposes dated December 31, 2013 quantified a solvency deficit of \$19,000 [December 31, 2010 - \$32,352] on a going concern basis. The going concern deficit is being amortized over 4 years with annual contribution of \$3,258 to the plan by the City.

The market value of the assets of the plan as at December 31, 2016 amounted to \$186,817 [2015 – \$182,906].

### [iii] Ottawa-Carleton Regional Transit Commission Employees' Pension Plan

The City sponsors the Ottawa-Carleton Regional Transit Commission ["OC Transpo"] Employees' Pension Plan, a defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits to employees based on length of service and rates of pay. Effective January 1, 1999, OC Transpo adopted the OMERS pension plan for all employees and new hires to accrue future benefits. Members retiring with both pre-1999 and post-1998 service will receive pension incomes under both plans. Net pension payments during 2016 amounted to \$31,486 [2015 – \$28,549]. No employee or matching employer contributions to this pension plan for current service were required in 2016 or 2015. Employer contributions for past service during 2016 amounted to \$3,048 [2015 – \$1,560].

The pension fund assets disclosed are based on a valuation method whereby the capital gains and losses on the assets are partially recognized in the year in which they are incurred and the remainder are recognized in the following year. The reported pension asset is as follows:

Table 29 - OC Transpo Employees' pension asset

OC Transpo Employees' Pension Plan	2016	2015
Pension fund assets – end of the year	\$631,258	\$612,315
Accrued benefit obligation – end of the year	577,638	576,257
Plan surplus	53,620	36,058
Unamortized actuarial gains	(32,727)	(26,789)
Accrued benefit asset	20,893	9,269
Valuation allowance	(20,893)	(9,269)
Reported pension asset	\$0	\$0

### 8. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS AND PENSION AGREEMENTS [CONTINUED]

Table 30 - OC Transpo Employees' pension - related expenses

Expenses	2016	2015
Pension expense, including change in valuation allowance	\$(6,697)	\$(1,005)
Pension interest expense	(1,879)	(596)
Change in valuation allowance	11,625	3,160
Total pension-related expenses	\$3,049	\$1,559

The expected average remaining service life of this plan is four years.

The market value of the assets of the plan as at December 31, 2016 amounted to \$634,997 [2015 – \$623,332].

The actuarial valuation performed for accounting purposes was based on a number of assumptions that are based on management's best estimates and are in accordance with accepted actuarial practice. The inflation rate was estimated at 2.00% [2015 – 2.00%], the discount rate for the plan was estimated at 4.80% [2015 – 5.00%], and long-term salary forecasts for actuarial purposes were estimated at 3.25% [2015 – 3.25%].

The accrued benefit obligations and benefits cost levels will change in the future as a result of future changes in the actuarial methods and assumptions, the membership data, the plan provisions and the legislative rules, or as a result of true experience gains or losses.

Emerging experience, differing from the assumptions, will result in gains or losses that will be included in future accounting valuations.

The last filed actuarial valuation for funding purposes dated January 1, 2016 quantified a solvency deficit of \$45,735 [2015 – \$70,217]. The solvency deficit is being amortized over five years starting in 2016. In 2016, the City contributed an amount of \$3,048 [2015 – \$1,560] to the plan and increased the amount secured by a letter of credit by \$9,100 [2015 – \$12,924] in lieu of additional contributions, bringing the total amount outstanding under the letter of credit to \$73,733 [2015 – \$64,633]. On December 28, 2016, the City contributed an additional \$3,000 to the OC Transpo pension, which will further reduce the letter of credit in 2017. Many of the estimates and assumptions used in 2016 may change significantly with the next detailed actuarial valuation.

#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITIES

The *Ontario Environmental Protection Act* sets out the regulatory requirements for the closure and maintenance of landfill sites. Under this Act, the City is required to provide for closure and post-closure care of solid waste landfill sites. The costs related to these obligations are included in operating expenses over the estimated remaining life of the landfill sites based on usage. The liability for closure and post-closure active and inactive sites is reported on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Table 31 - Landfill closure and post closure liabilities

Landfill closure and post-closure liabilities	2016	2015
Active sites	\$11,598	\$10,379
Inactive sites	13,078	10,449
Total	\$24,676	\$20,828

#### **Active sites**

The City has two active landfill sites, Trail Road Landfill and Springhill. The City has responsibilities for all costs relating to closure and post-closure care for these active landfill sites. As at December 31, 2016, the remaining capacity of the Trail Road site is approximately 5,826,365 [2015 – 5,885,250] cubic metres, all of which is expected to be used by the year 2043 [2015 – 2043]. The remaining capacity at the Springhill site is approximately 315,821 [2015 – 347,634] cubic metres, which is expected to be used by the year 2019 [2015 – 2019].

Closure of the Trail Road Landfill and Springhill sites will involve covering the sites, implementing drainage control, and installing groundwater monitoring wells and gas recovery facilities. Post-closure care activities for these sites are expected to occur for approximately 25 years.

The estimated liability for the landfill sites is based on future expenses, adjusted for inflation based on the Consumer Price Index 10-year average rate of 1.64% [2015 – 1.70%] and discounted to current dollars using the City's average long-term borrowing rate of 3.30% [2015 – 3.58%]. This estimate amounts to \$11,598 as at December 31, 2016 [2015 – \$10,379]. In order to help reduce the future impact of these obligations, the City has established reserve funds for the care of these sites. As at December 31, 2016, the balance in these reserve funds was \$4,319 [2015 – \$3,878] and is included within transportation and environmental services reserve funds [see note 15].

Estimated total undiscounted expenses over the 25-year post-closure period amount to approximately \$30,214.

#### 9. LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE LIABILITIES [CONTINUED]

#### **Inactive sites**

The City has identified 44 inactive or closed landfill sites. Of the total, 15 sites require ongoing monitoring over the next 25 years. Post-closure care activities for landfill sites will involve surface and groundwater monitoring, maintenance of drainage structures, monitoring leachate and landfill gas, and maintenance of the landfill cover.

The estimated liability for the inactive or closed landfill sites is based on future expenses, adjusted for inflation based on the Consumer Price Index 10-year average rate of 1.64% [2015 – 1.70%] and discounted to current dollars using the City's average long-term borrowing rate of 3.30% [2015 – 3.58%]. The estimated present value of future expenditures for post-closure care for inactive sites as at December 31, 2016 is \$13,078 [2015 – \$10,449].

#### 10. CONTAMINATED SITES

Contaminated sites are a result of a contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic, or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environment standard. The liability relates to sites that are not in productive use and for which the City is responsible or has accepted responsibility for remediation, future economic benefit will be given up and costs can be reasonably estimated.

Liabilities are recorded for the estimated costs related to the management and remediation of contaminated sites where the City is likely to be obligated to incur costs. The liability estimate includes costs that are directly attributable to remediation activities and reflects the costs required to bring the site up to the current environmental standard for its use prior to contamination. The assumptions used in estimating the liability include a unique assessment of the depth of soil to be removed and disposed for each property as well as excavation, trucking and backfilling soft costs.

The City recognized an estimated liability of \$9,374 [2015 – \$6,801] for remediation of 44 [2015 – 44] contaminated land sites based on the estimated costs of removal and replacement of contaminated soil.

#### 11. NET LONG-TERM DEBT

[a] Net long-term debt reported on the consolidated statement of financial position comprises the following:

Table 32 - Net long-term debt

Net long-term debt	2016	2015
Installment and sinking fund debenture issued at various rates of interest ranging from 0.95% to 6.20%, and maturing from April 19, 2017 to July 30, 2053	\$1,740,319	\$1,647,945
Bank loan agreements and interest rate exchange agreements	74,873	63,399
Total value of sinking fund deposits, which have accumulated to the end of the year to retire sinking fund debentures included in the above amount	(104,761)	(89,448)
Total	\$1,710,431	\$1,621,896

[b] Principal payments including contributions to the sinking fund in future years are as follows:

Table 33 - Principal payments on net long-term debt

Principal payments	
2017	\$105,548
2018	108,175
2019	110,214
2020	98,062
2021	95,774
2022 and thereafter	857,673
Total	\$1,375,446

### 11. NET LONG-TERM DEBT [CONTINUED]

Principal payments will be funded from tax and rate-supported operations. It is estimated that interest to be earned by the sinking fund will amount to approximately \$334,985, which together with the amount of \$1,375,446 shown above will be used to retire the outstanding total debt of \$1,710,431.

The City has entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage the volatility of interest rates. The City converted notional floating rate debt totalling \$74,873 [2015 – \$63,399] to fixed rate debt with interest rates ranging from 1.705% to 5.92%. The related derivative agreements are in place until the maturity of the debts in 2021, 2022, 2025 and 2031.

These interest rate swaps qualify, and have been designated by the City, as cash flow hedging items against the floating rate long-term debt. The City has assessed the hedging relationship as effective. If the interest rate swaps were cancelled as at December 31, 2016, the City would be required to pay the market value of \$1,984 [2015 – \$2,865]. The City has entered into bank swap agreements to improve budget certainty for commodity costs. As at December 31, 2016, the City had set bank swaps in place to hedge 50,250,000 litres [2015 – 44,250,000 litres] of diesel fuel for the 2017 and 2018 calendar years with expiry dates ranging from January 2017 to December 2018 [2015 – January 2016 to December 2017]. The City has assessed the relationship as effective. If the commodity swaps were cancelled as at December 31, 2016, the City would receive from the swap counterparty market value of \$2,627 [2015 – \$8,672].

#### 12. MORTGAGES PAYABLE

Table 34 - Mortgages payable

Mortgages payable	2016	2015
Mortgages payable on housing properties at various rates ranging from 2.70% to 8.0% guaranteed by the Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation with maturity dates ranging from January 1, 2017 to February 1, 2029 and debentures		
payable to Infrastructure Ontario maturing from 2036 to 2046 with interest rates ranging from 3.27% to 4.71%	\$233,911	\$212,165
Forgivable loans related to Canada Ontario Affordable Housing Program and Residential Rehabilitation Assistance Program	3,319	3,398
Total	\$237,230	\$215,563

### 12. MORTGAGES PAYABLE [CONTINUED]

[a] Public housing debentures issued by Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation in the amount of \$29,683 [2015 – \$36,747] related to OCHC have not been included in these consolidated financial statements as they are the responsibility of the Province.

Mortgages and forgivable loans on housing properties are governed by operating agreements with the Province and/or Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation and involve no direct or indirect obligation to the City.

With respect to the debenture payable to Infrastructure Ontario of \$153,967 [2015 – \$107,945], per OCHC's direction, the City has transferred directly to Infrastructure Ontario amounts equivalent to the annual principal and interest payments owing on the debentures of \$7,084 [2015 – \$5,530]. These payments form part of the annual subsidy provided by the City to OCHC, which is calculated based on OCHC's annual information return.

Mortgages for eight OCHC properties were refinanced in 2016 after detailed appraisals were conducted. The revised appraisals allowed OCHC to borrow additional funds while maintaining the same annual payments on the debt for the refinanced properties, providing \$31,500 of funding to be utilized for future capital repairs.

[b] Principal repayments in future years are as follows:

Table 35 - Principal repayments on mortgages payable

Principal repayments	
2017	\$10,710
2018	10,793
2019	10,810
2020	11,018
2021	10,562
2022 and thereafter	183,337
Total	\$237,230

The principal payments in 2016 totaled \$10,801 [2015 – \$10,952].

### 13. CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The City leases the following facilities and equipment as detailed below:

Table 36 - Capital lease obligations

Capital lease		Paramedic services	Shenkman
obligations	Office building	building	<b>Arts Centre</b>
Lease term	24 years	30 years	30 years
Interest rate	6.00%	5.79%	4.99%
Purchase option	\$10,000	nil	nil

Future minimum payments for the above capital leases are as follows:

Table 37 - Future minimum payments on capital leases

			P	aramedic	Shenl	kman Arts		
Future	Office	building	services	building		Centre		Total
payments	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2017	\$3,560	\$2,739	\$586	\$1,005	\$629	\$1,747	\$4,775	\$5,491
2018	3,773	2,526	619	971	686	1,715	5,078	5,212
2019	4,000	2,300	654	936	753	1,679	5,407	4,915
2020	4,240	2,060	690	898	846	1,640	5,776	4,598
2021	4,495	1,805	729	858	971	1,595	6,195	4,258
Thereafter	31,892	4,357	15,667	6,328	31,479	15,211	79,038	25,896
Total	\$51,960	\$15,787	\$18,945	\$10,996	\$35,364	\$23,587	\$106,269	\$50,370

### 14. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR 2016 WITH COMPARATIVES FOR 2015

Table 38 - Tangible capital assets - cost

		Infrastr	ucture		
			Linear		
	<b>Buildings and</b>		water/		Land
Cost	improvements	Linear roads	wastewater	Land	improvements
Balance, beginning of					
year	\$2,151,138	\$3,488,636	\$5,369,112	\$2,712,099	\$618,707
Additions	6,684	153,999	189,161	53,745	36,744
Disposals	-	(17,968)	(6,505)	(582)	(193)
Balance, end of year	2,157,822	3,624,667	5,551,768	2,765,262	655,258

Table 39 - Tangible capital assets - accumulated amortization

		Infrastr	ucture		
			Linear		
Accumulated	Buildings and		water/		Land
amortization	improvements	Linear roads	wastewater	Land	improvements
Balance, beginning of					
year	805,886	1,363,421	1,312,488	0	217,320
Disposals	-	(13,407)	(3,331)	0	(121)
Amortization expense	48,073	77,675	65,699	0	16,991
Balance, end of year	853,959	1,427,689	1,374,856	0	234,190
Net book value, end					
of year	\$1,303,863	\$2,196,978	\$4,176,912	\$2,765,262	\$421,068

### 14. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR 2016 WITH COMPARATIVES FOR 2015 [CONTINUED]

Cost	Machinery, plant and equipment	Vehicles	Assets under construction	Total 2016	Total 2015
Balance, beginning of	-				
year	\$1,409,470	\$966,083	\$1,638,162	\$18,353,407	\$17,497,952
Additions	31,077	71,518	550,179	1,093,107	929,418
Disposals	(4,750)	(23,729)	(9,835)	(63,562)	(73,963)
Balance, end of year	1,435,797	1,013,872	2,178,506	19,382,952	18,353,407

Table 40 - Tangible capital assets - Cost (continued)

Accumulated amortization	Machinery, plant and equipment	Vehicles	Assets under construction	Total 2016	Total 2015
Balance, beginning of					_
year	507,990	404,812	0	4,611,917	4,311,453
Disposals	(3,751)	(22,197)	0	(42,807)	(31,836)
Amortization expense	39,696	70,817	0	318,951	332,300
Balance, end of year	543,935	453,432	0	4,888,061	4,611,917
Net book value, end					_
of year	\$891,862	\$560,440	\$2,178,506	\$14,494,891	\$13,741,490

Table 41 - Tangible capital assets - accumulated amortizaton (continued)

#### Assets under construction

During 2016, the City acquired \$1,093,107 [2015 – \$929,418] of assets under construction. As assets were placed into service, transfers in the amount of \$542,928 [2015 – \$676,689] were made from assets under construction to the respective asset classes to arrive at a net balance of \$550,179 [2015 – \$252,729] disclosed above.

#### Works of art and historical treasures

Ottawa City Council approved a Public Art Program ["PAP"] in 1985 to maintain and circulate the City's corporate art collection. The City's PAP collection includes over 1,700 works of art. The City also owns the Firestone Art Collection, consisting of 1,605 historical Canadian works of art produced from 1900 to 1980, which is housed and managed by the Ottawa Art Gallery. Works of art are not recorded in the City's consolidated financial statements.

### 14. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS FOR 2016 WITH COMPARATIVES FOR 2015 [CONTINUED]

#### Contributed tangible capital assets

The value of contributed tangible capital assets received during 2016 amounts to \$182,296 [2015 – \$184,121] and is included in additions disclosed above.

#### 15. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of individual fund surplus, reserves and reserve funds, and equity in government business enterprise.

Table 42 - Accumulated surplus

·		
Surplus	2016	2015
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$12,415,787	\$11,769,708
Capital Fund – Unexpended Capital Financing	87,185	166,641
Employee future benefits and pension agreements	(595,152)	(588,553)
Landfill closure and post-closure liabilities	(24,676)	(20,828)
Contaminated sites	(9,374)	(6,801)
Other	(88,174)	(67,138)
Total surplus	11,785,596	11,253,029
Reserves set aside by Council	6,523	7,371
Table 43 - Accumulated surplus (continued)		
Poserve funds set eside for specific nurneses by		

Reserve funds set aside for specific purposes by		
Council	2016	2015
Endowment	165,309	168,228
Transportation and environmental services	160,574	227,672
Social housing and child care	66,955	51,983
Equipment replacement	35,366	21,723
Insurance	1,530	1,841
Employment benefits	64,599	69,307
Other	11,277	8,525
Total reserve funds	505,610	549,279
Equity in government business enterprise		
[note 5]	426,795	413,397
Accumulated surplus	\$12,724,524	\$12,223,076

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

[a] In the course of its business, the City becomes involved in various claims and legal proceedings. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties and the outcome of individual matters is not predictable. A provision for these claims has been recorded in the consolidated financial statements based on management's best estimate of the likely outcome. Should claims be settled for amounts other than established accruals, which could be material to the financial results in the year of settlement, the outstanding amounts will be offset against operations as incurred.

[b] The City has the following contractual obligations for capital works over the next five years:

Contractual obligations for capital works

2017		\$370,149
2018		606,051
2019		4,348
2020		3,936
2021		30

[c] The City is committed to the following payments over the next five years under operating lease agreements for building and equipment:

Table 44 - Building and equipment lease payments

**Building and equipment lease payments** 

2017	\$18,337
2018	12,399
2019	8,124
2020	6,612
2021	5,288

[d] In February 2013, the City entered into an agreement for the construction, service and maintenance of a light rail transit system, as well as for the widening of Highway 417. The contractor must design, construct, supply, test, commission, maintain and finance the Ottawa Light Rail Transit system and must widen certain portions of Highway 417.

The City is committed to making payments of \$554,010 including applicable taxes, through a series of milestone payments and a revenue service availability payment for the light rail transit system and highway works during the projected 2017 to 2018 construction period.

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS [CONTINUED]

The City has committed to making a series of monthly service payments during the 30-year maintenance and service term. Payments include \$48,141 in the first full year of operation in base date [2013] dollars for capital construction costs deferred beyond the construction period, as well as for maintenance costs associated with the light rail system and vehicles. Annual payments will be adjusted as service levels change, and a portion will be adjusted for inflation, in accordance with the project agreement. The City has also committed to a series of payments for lifecycle costs, and for maintenance costs that will vary with service kilometres.

- [e] As at December 31, 2016, Hydro Ottawa has total open commitments amounting to \$158,398 for 2017 to 2023. The commitments relate to a customer information system service agreement, construction projects, spare parts and standby equipment and overhead and underground services.
- [f] The City has commitments for the purchase of ice rental time in the amounts of \$2,301, \$9,267 and \$19,058 in accordance with three public private partnership agreements. These commitments are set to expire in 2027, 2034 and 2043, respectively.
- [g] The City has entered into natural gas forward contracts to reduce price fluctuations of natural gas prices used in heating costs of the City. The City is committed to the following natural gas forward contracts over the next year:

Table 45 - Natural gas forward contracts

#### Natural gas forward contracts

2017 \$752

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS [CONTINUED]

- [h] The City has entered into guarantees of loans amounting to \$127,720 arranged to provide financing for the development of ice rinks, the construction of a paramedic headquarters facility, the development of an arts centre and Lansdowne roof replacement under public private partnerships. The City's guarantees for ice rinks, the paramedic facility and Lansdowne roof replacement also cover the borrowers' obligations under interest rate derivative agreements to manage the volatility of interest rates. The total amount outstanding under guarantees as of December 31, 2016 is \$120,567. The City has converted floating rate debt in the amount of \$98,830 for fixed rate debt ranging from 2.849% to 6.49% on four guarantees. The related derivative agreements are in place until the maturity of the debts in 2044. The City's guarantee of the loan in connection with the arts centre facility does not involve interest rate derivative agreements since the loans are on a fixed interest rate basis.
- [i] On June 28, 2010, City Council authorized a payment covenant guarantee that may require the City to make annual payments of up to \$1,463 in respect of a loan in the amount of \$20,700 for the construction and operation of a trade and exhibition centre. The covenant agreement was signed by the City on April 15, 2011, and expires on April 15, 2041. No payments have been made on this guarantee in 2016 [2015 nil].

#### 17. TAXES AVAILABLE FOR MUNICIPAL PURPOSES

Table 46 - Taxes available for municipal purposes

Taxes available for municipal purposes	2016	2015
Property taxes	\$1,945,145	\$1,916,255
Payment in lieu of taxes	193,805	192,258
Local improvements and other charges	6,959	6,731
Less education taxes	(492,368)	(488,700)
Total taxes available for municipal purposes	\$1,653,541	\$1,626,544

#### 18. EXPENSES BY OBJECT

The consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus represents the expenses by function; the following classifies those same expenses by object:

Table 47 - Expenses by object

Expenses by object	2016	2015
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	\$1,604,026	\$1,556,283
Contracted and general services	247,723	264,684
Materials, equipment and supplies	564,977	551,598
Interest charges	89,459	86,384
Rent and financial expenses	69,497	54,597
External transfers	401,243	388,355
Amortization	318,951	332,300
Loss on disposal	18,431	40,313
Total expenses	\$3,314,307	\$3,274,514



#### 19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

#### CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

For the year ended December 31, 2016

Table 48 - Consolidated schedule of segment disclosure

Roads,

	General		Traffic and		Environmental	Health
REVENUE	Government	Protection	Parking	Transit	Services	Services
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Government						
transfers -						
provincial	58	8,856	4,744	148,044	15,386	94,516
Government						
transfers - federal	0	6,784	(9)	205,522	7,356	266
Fees and user						
charges	14,107	64,885	25,789	178,966	360,266	2,555
Contributed						
tangible capital						
assets	0	0	33,327	3,681	121,213	0
Development						
charges	0	2,224	46,614	38,266	20,115	0
Fines and penalties	2,066	12,586	0	0	0	0
Other	0	613	2,525	1,892	1,164	0
Total revenue	16,231	95,948	112,990	576,371	525,500	97,337
			Roads,			
	General		Traffic and		Environmental	Health
<b>EXPENSES</b>	Government	Protection	Parking	Transit	Services	Services
Salaries and						
benefits	68,822	488,283	134,339	304,040	79,723	136,224
Contracts and						
general services	5,702	18,017	68,669	25,575	85,110	6,353
Materials,						
equipment and						
supplies	20,192	48,615	97,312	134,231	59,312	17,982
Interest charges	1,470	2,144	21,828	12,249	20,750	1,380
Rent and financial						
expenses	14,287	4,618	5,748	15,836	6,380	3,016
External transfers	(19,462)	1,950	(20,073)	7,787	26,641	(7,519)
Amortization	1,003	13,810	98,604	64,137	93,961	4,600
Loss on disposal	3	872	7,077	(86)	9,886	128
Total expenses	92,017	578,309	413,504	563,769	381,763	162,164
ANNUAL	<u>-</u>					
SURPLUS						
(DEFICIT)	\$(75,786)	\$(482,361)	\$(300,514)	\$12,602	\$143,737	\$(64,827)

#### THE CITY OF OTTAWA NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS **DECEMBER 31, 2016** [dollars in thousands] Table 49 - Consolidated schedule of segment disclosure (continued)

	Social and		Recreation and			
	Family	Social	Cultural	Planning and	Non	
REVENUE	Services		Services	Development	Departmental	Total
Taxes	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$1,653,541	\$1,653,541
Government	·		·		. , ,	. , ,
transfers -						
provincial	323,988	52,948	6,264	(2,097)	6,956	659,663
Government						
transfers - federal	0	27,583	352	(460)	0	247,394
Fees and user						
charges	24,455	65,587	61,077	14,788	2,819	815,294
Contributed						
tangible capital						
assets	0	0	20,962	3,113	0	182,296
Development						
charges	0		10,914	1,410	2,229	121,851
Fines and penalties	0	0	970	0	15,996	31,618
Other	0	.0,00	10,590	3,793	72,055	106,136
Total revenue	348,443	159,701	111,129	20,547	1,753,596	3,817,793
			Recreation			
	Social and		and			
	Family	Social	Cultural	Planning and	Non	
EXPENSES	Services	Housing	Services	Development	Departmental	Total
Salaries and	407.000	44 000	101007	07.040	•	4 004 000
benefits	127,998	41,820	184,867	37,910	0	1,604,026
Contracts and						
general services	5,319	1,464	23,799	7,715	0	247,723
Materials,						
equipment and	40.000	05.040	00.000	0.457	•	504077
supplies	16,822	95,248	66,806	8,457	0	564,977
Interest charges	1,538	12,380	12,849	2,871	0	89,459
Rent and financial	(700)	F 007	4 202	40.074	0	00 407
expenses	(722)	5,937	1,323	13,074	0	69,497
External transfers	310,701	98,249	4,038	(1,069)	0	401,243
Amortization	1,927	18,192	22,329	388	0	318,951
Loss on disposal	21	1	337	192	0	18,431
Total expenses	463,604	273,291	316,348	69,538	0	3,314,307
ANNUAL						
SURPLUS (DEFICIT)	\$(115,161)	\$(113,590)	*****	\$(48,991)	*	
/ · · · · · · / · · · · · · · · · · · ·			\$(205,219)		\$1,753,596	<b>\$503,486</b>

#### **SEGMENTED INFORMATION [CONTINUED]** CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

For the year ended December 31, 2015

,	ended Decembe 015 Consolidated	•	seament disclo	sure		
100.000 20			Roads,	<b>54.5</b>		
	General		Traffic and		Environmental	Health
REVENUE	Government	Protection	Parking	Transit	Services	Services
			<u> </u>			
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Government						
transfers -						
provincial	40	8,348	271	178,708	6,154	92,246
Government						
transfers - federal	0	2,616	781	187,151	26	8
Fees and user						
charges	15,172	64,390	28,071	180,791	329,109	2,441
Contributed						
tangible capital						
assets	0	0	21,891	3,712	148,178	0
Development						_
charges	0	1,526	67,670	30,998	17,955	0
Fines and penalties	0	11,194	0	0	0	0
Other	0	236	793	280	(4)	0
Total revenue	15,212	88,310	119,477	581,640	501,418	94,695
			Roads,			
	General		Traffic and		Environmental	Health
EXPENSES	Government	Protection	Parking	Transit	Services	Services
Salaries and						
benefits	72,244	454,285	136,510	286,098	84,030	136,770
Contracts and						
general services	7,286	18,271	64,905	33,295	87,376	7,796
Materials,						
equipment and	00.450	E0 E44	00.004	400.007	50.040	40.400
supplies	20,458	56,541	89,691	122,337	53,940	16,430

	•					
Total expenses	95,681	557,516	426,978	556,332	378,303	163,260
Loss on disposal	118	4,899	8,054	13,655	10,231	268
Amortization	1,106	13,520	118,007	59,542	92,719	4,627
External transfers	(22,132)	3,428	(17,227)	12,322	26,864	(6,790)
Rent and financial expenses	14,980	4,318	4,457	16,171	4,759	2,742
Interest charges	1,621	2,254	22,581	12,912	18,384	1,417

Table 51 - 2015 Consolidated schedule of segment disclosure (continued)

	Casial and		Recreation			
	Social and Family	Social	and Cultural	Planning and	Non	
REVENUE	Services	Housing	Services	Development	Departmental	Total
Taxes	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,626,544	\$1,626,544
Government						
transfers -						
provincial	300,257	43,101	3,371	5,104	1,478	639,078
Government						
transfers - federal	0	26,143	182	2,662	0	219,569
Fees and user						
charges	23,198	65,197	59,278	13,330	2,305	783,282
Contributed						
tangible capital	0	0	0.407	4.470	0	404.404
assets	0	0	6,167	4,173	0	184,121
Development	4	107	10 105	2.000	7 000	407 740
charges	1	127	10,105 984	2,069	7,292	137,743
Fines and penalties Other	0	8,138	7,237	7,800	15,238 50,475	27,416 93,055
Total revenue	323,456	142,706	87,324	35,138	59,475 <b>1,712,332</b>	83,955 <b>3,701,708</b>
Total revenue	323,430	142,700	Recreation	33,130	1,7 12,332	3,701,700
	Social and		and			
	Family	Social	Cultural	Planning and	Non	
EXPENSES	Services	Housing	Services	•		Total
		HUUGHIU		Development	Departmental	rolai
Salaries and	OCI VICES	riousing	CCIVICCS	Development	Departmental	Total
Salaries and benefits				•	Departmental 0	
benefits	133,207	41,306	173,181	38,652	•	1,556,283
benefits Contracts and	133,207	41,306	173,181	38,652	•	
benefits				•	0	1,556,283
benefits Contracts and general services	133,207	41,306	173,181	38,652	0	1,556,283
benefits Contracts and general services Materials,	133,207	41,306	173,181	38,652	0	1,556,283
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and	133,207 5,048	41,306 1,117	173,181 35,035	38,652 4,555	0	1,556,283 264,684
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913	0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303)	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165	0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses External transfers	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303) 89,408	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665 24,729	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165 (1,665)	0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597 388,355
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418 1,824	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303)	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165	0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses External transfers	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418 1,824 182	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303) 89,408 17,715 1,036	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665 24,729 22,819 776	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165 (1,665) 421 1,094	0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597 388,355 332,300 40,313
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses External transfers Amortization Loss on disposal Total expenses	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418 1,824	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303) 89,408 17,715	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665 24,729 22,819	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165 (1,665) 421	0 0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597 388,355 332,300
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses External transfers Amortization Loss on disposal Total expenses ANNUAL	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418 1,824 182	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303) 89,408 17,715 1,036	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665 24,729 22,819 776	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165 (1,665) 421 1,094	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597 388,355 332,300 40,313
benefits Contracts and general services Materials, equipment and supplies Interest charges Rent and financial expenses External transfers Amortization Loss on disposal Total expenses	133,207 5,048 16,718 1,591 3,643 279,418 1,824 182 441,631	41,306 1,117 104,063 9,904 (5,303) 89,408 17,715 1,036	173,181 35,035 62,816 12,807 1,665 24,729 22,819 776	38,652 4,555 8,604 2,913 7,165 (1,665) 421 1,094	0 0 0 0 0 0	1,556,283 264,684 551,598 86,384 54,597 388,355 332,300 40,313

#### 19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION [CONTINUED]

The City is responsible for providing a wide range of services to its citizens, including police, fire, ambulance, public transit, and water.

The City reports on functional areas and programs in its consolidated financial statements similar to reporting reflected as part of the Ontario Financial Information Return.

These functional areas represent segments for the City of Ottawa, and expanded disclosure by object has been reflected in the above consolidated schedules of segmented disclosure.

A brief description of each segment follows:

- General government consists of Council, administration, and Ontario Property Assessment.
- Protection consists of police, fire, and other protective services. These groups maintain the safety and security of all citizens by reducing or eliminating loss of life and property, by maintaining law enforcement, and preserving peace and good order.
- Roads, traffic and parking include parking, signs and signals, streetlights and the maintenance of roads and parks of the City.
- Transit services provide local public transportation for citizens. They also include other transportation services such as planning and development.
- Environmental services include water supply and distribution, wastewater treatment, and waste and recycling services. These services provide clean drinking water to residents, collect and treat wastewater, and collect and properly process waste and recycling items.
- Health services include paramedic and health services. Mandated health services promote and maintain health programs that optimize the health of residents. Paramedic services deliver timely and effective care for pre-hospital emergency care, along with medically required inter-hospital transportation.
- Social and family services include social assistance, long-term care, and childcare services. Social assistance services determine, issue, and monitor clients' eligibility for financial, social, and employment assistance. Long-term care services provide secure and supervised health services for seniors who can no longer live at home. Childcare services provide subsidized childcare spaces and provide funding for wage subsidy, pay equity, and special needs.
- Social housing, with the partnership of 120 community-based agencies, provides a range of services, including housing, emergency shelters, outreach, search, and stabilization to people in the community.

#### 19. SEGMENTED INFORMATION [CONTINUED]

- Recreation and cultural services include parks and recreation, culture, and libraries. Parks and recreation services develop and deliver high-quality recreational programs, and develop and maintain recreation facilities, parks and sports-fields to ensure all residents have the opportunity to enjoy a healthy lifestyle. Culture services invest in local non-profit organizations that deliver services on behalf of the City. Library services provide public library services to the citizens via physical facilities, bookmobile, virtual, and telephone services.
- Planning and development services manage urban development for residential and business interests, as well as infrastructure and parks.
- Non departmental includes equity in earnings of government business enterprise, investment income, shared lottery earnings, and miscellaneous sundry revenue.

Program support costs for expenses have been allocated to other functions using guidelines and methodologies reflected in the Ontario Financial Information Return.

The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements as disclosed in note 2.

#### 20. PUBLIC LIABILITY INSURANCE

The City self-insures for public liability claims up to a specific amount and outside coverage is in place for claims in excess of these limits.

The City has a reserve fund for self-insurance, which as at December 31, 2016 amounted to \$1,530 [2015 – \$1,841]. In 2016, the City contributed an amount of nil [2015 – nil] to this reserve fund from operations.

#### 21. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Budget data presented in these consolidated financial statements is based upon the 2016 operating and capital budgets approved by Council. Council-approved budgets are prepared on a modified cash basis, which differs from budget amounts reported on the consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus, which are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The chart below reconciles the approved budget to the budget figures reported in these consolidated financial statements. Actuals have been used to approximate budget amounts for certain reconciling items that were not included in the Council budget.

Table 52 - Budget reconciliation

Budget reconciliation	Revenue	<b>Expenses</b>
Budget as approved by Council		
Operating	\$3,169,180	\$3,169,180
Capital	532,789	532,789
Add		
Consolidated entities	201,420	186,818
Contributed assets	182,296	0
Reserve fund revenue	20,838	0
Hydro Ottawa Holding Inc. equity pickup	15,436	0
Interest earned on sinking fund	3,448	3,448
Timing difference between capital authority and capital		
spending plan	323,206	808,441
Change in employee future benefits and pension agreements	0	9,970
Change in other obligations to be funded	0	24,327
Amortization	0	318,951
Loss on disposal	0	20,755
	4,448,613	5,074,679
Less		
Reclassifications and eliminations	(68,027)	(66,027)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	0	(1,093,107)
Budgeted transfer from/to other funds	(378, 173)	(502,657)
Budgeted proceeds on debt issue/debt principal payments	(204,185)	(116,721)
	(650,385)	(1,778,512)
Budget for financial statement purposes	\$3,798,228	\$3,296,167

#### 22. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures for 2015 have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.

#### **APPENDIX 1 - CONDENSED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### OTTAWA PUBLIC LIBRARY BOARD

As at December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015 [dollars in thousands]

The Ottawa Public Library Board is consolidated with the City of Ottawa. The following table provides condensed supplementary information for the Ottawa Public Library Board.

Table 53 - Ottawa Public Library Board - Financial position

Financial position	2016	2015
Financial assets	\$27,382	\$22,059
Liabilities	30,318	28,798
Net debt	(2,936)	(6,739)

Table 54 - Ottawa Public Library Board - Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets	2016	2015
Tangible capital assets	44,355	43,181
Prepaid expenses	22	8
Total non-financial assets	44,377	43,189
Accumulated surplus	\$41,441	\$36,450

#### Consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015 [dollars in thousands]

Table 55 - Ottawa Public Library Board - Consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus - Revenue

Revenue	2016	2015
City of Ottawa	\$49,643	\$45,069
Province of Ontario - Ministry of Tourism, Sport and Culture		
Operating funding	1,210	1,210
Pay equity funding	170	170
Capacity grant funding (Craig's)	0	105
Innovation grant funding (Elizabeth's)	67	126
Development charges	2,243	934
Other	2,803	2,234
Total revenue	56,136	49,848

Table 56 - Ottawa Public Library Board - Consolidated statement of operations and accumulated surplus - Expenses

Expenses	2016	2015
Operating expenditures	51,145	51,579
Total expenses	51,145	51,579
Annual surplus (deficit)	4,991	(1,731)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of the year	36,450	38,181
Accumulated surplus, end of the year	\$41,441	\$36,450

