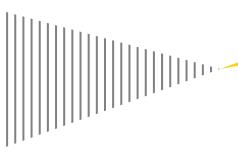
Financial Statements The Bank Street Business Improvement Area December 31, 2016





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board Members, Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of **The Bank Street Business Improvement Area**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **The Bank Street Business Improvement Area**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets (net debt) and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **The Bank Street Business Improvement Area** as at December 31, 2016, and the results of its operations, changes in its net financial assets (net debt) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Ottawa, Canada August 22, 2017 Ernst & young LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

Table 1 - Statement of Financial Position - Financial Assets

Financial assets	2016	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,258	\$12,857
Cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of		
Ottawa	67,483	159,565
Total financial assets	77,741	172,422
Table 2 - Statement of Financial Position - Liabilities		
Liabilities	2016	2015
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities [note 2]	79,781	71,006
Total liabilities	79,781	71,006
Net financial assets (net debt)	(2,040)	101,416
Table 3 - Statement of Financial Position - Non-Financial	Assets	
Non-financial assets	2016	2015
Prepaid expenses	2,665	5,551
Capital assets [note 4]	4,292	4,953
Total non- financial assets	6,957	10,504

\$4,917

\$111,920

See accompanying notes

Accumulated surplus

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

Table 4 - Statement of Operations - Revenue

	Budget		
	2016	Actual	Actual
Revenue	[note 5]	2016	2015
Tax revenue [note 3]	\$548,250	\$456,717	\$418,794
Payments in lieu of taxation	100,000	129,804	90,450
Sundry	32,500	53,675	46,391
Total revenue	680,750	640,196	555,635

Table 5 - Statement of Operations - Expenses

	Budget		
	2016	Actual	Actual
Expenses	[note 5]	2016	2015
Advertising and promotion [note 2]	253,000	376,069	466,525
Salaries	191,000	176,244	164,642
Office	100,150	81,148	86,183
Maintenance	77,900	61,453	23,765
Rent	52,000	44,202	38,027
Insurance	7,500	5,224	5,015
Audit fees	1,700	1,766	1,228
Depreciation	-	661	661
Professional and consulting fees	2,500	432	1,526
Provision for unforeseen	5,000	-	-
Total expenses	690,750	747,199	787,572
Annual deficit	(10,000)	(107,003)	(231,937)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of			
year	111,920	111,920	343,857
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$101,920	\$4,917	\$111,920

See accompanying notes

THE BANK STREET BUSINESS IMPROVEMENT AREA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (NET DEBT)

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

Table 6 - Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Net Debt)

	Budget 2016 [note 5]	Actual 2016	Actual 2015
Annual deficit	\$(10,000)	\$(107,003)	\$(231,937)
Depreciation of capital assets	ψ(10,000)	661	661
Decrease (increase) in prepaid			
expenses	-	2,886	(3,351)
Decrease in net financial assets	(10,000)	(103,456)	(234,627)
Net financial assets (net debt),			
beginning of year	(10,000)	101,416	336,043
Net financial assets (net debt), end			
of year	\$(10,000)	\$(2,040)	\$101,416

See accompanying notes

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

Table 7 - Statement of Cash Flows - Operating activities

Operating activities	2016	2015
Annual deficit	\$(107,003)	\$(231,937)
Add item not affecting cash		
Depreciation	661	661
Changes in non-cash working capital balances related		
to operations		
Decrease in accounts receivable	-	192
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	2,886	(3,351)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	8,775	49,427
Cash used in operating activities	(94,681)	(185,008)

Table 8 - Statement of Cash Flows - Change in cash and cash equivalents

Change in cash and cash equivalents	2016	2015
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the		_
year	(94,681)	(185,008)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	172,422	357,430
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	77,741	172,422

Table 9 - Statement of Cash Flows - Cash breakdown

Cash consists of	2016	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$10,258	\$12,857
Cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of		
Ottawa	67,483	159,565
	\$77,741	\$172,422

See accompanying notes

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements of The Bank Street Business Improvement Area [the "BIA"] are the representation of management prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for the public sector as prescribed by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Since a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of periodic financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates and approximations. These estimates and approximations have been made using careful judgment.

Accrual accounting

Revenue and expenses are reported on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenue as it becomes earned and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipt of goods or services.

Government transfers are recognized in revenue in the fiscal years during which events giving rise to the transfer occur, provided the transfers are authorized, eligibility criteria and stipulations have been met and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

Capital assets

Capital assets are initially recorded at cost and amortized over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Capital expenditures that do not generate future economic benefits to the BIA are charged to operations in the year of acquisition.

The equipment, less residual value, is amortized over ten years on a straight-line basis.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments

The financial instruments of the BIA consist of cash and cash equivalents and cash on deposit with the Corporation of the City of Ottawa and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the BIA is not exposed to significant interest rate, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

Tax revenue

Annually, the City of Ottawa bills and collects tax levies as well as payments in lieu of taxation on behalf of the BIA. Tax revenue consists of non-exchange transactions. It is recognized in the period in which the assessment relates and when reasonable estimates of amounts can be made. Annual revenue also includes adjustments related to reassessments or appeals related to prior years.

2. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The BIA purchases certain services from companies controlled by the Board of Directors' members and company executives in the normal course of business at commercial rates. In addition, the BIA is related to all entities under control of the City of Ottawa. As at December 31, 2016, \$147 [2015 – \$408] is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

The BIA and Glowfair Festival are related through common board membership. The Glowfair Festival is a separate entity and the related revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the Glowfair Festival are not reflected in these financial statements. In 2016, the BIA provided funding to the Glowfair Festival and recorded advertising and promotion expense in the amount of \$289,000 [2015 – \$297,611].

3. TAX REVENUE

Tax revenue is comprised of the following:

Table 10 - Tax revenue breakdown

	2016 \$	2015 \$
General tax levy	555,656	509,338
Supplementary assessments	479	849
Remissions	(86,762)	(86,460)
Vacancy rebates	(12,656)	(4,933)
	456,717	418,794

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are comprised of the following:

	2016 \$	2015 \$
Equipment	6,614	6,614
Accumulated amortization	(2,322)	(1,661)
Net book value	4,292	4,953

5. BUDGET AMOUNTS

Budget data presented in these financial statements is based upon the 2016 budget approved by the Board of Directors. The Board-approved budget is prepared on a basis which differs from budget amounts reported on the statements of operations and changes in net financial assets, which are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The total approved revenue budget of \$690,750 reconciles to the budget figures reported in these financial statements after deducting the budgeted contribution from reserves of \$10,000, which is not included in revenue for purposes of the financial statement presentation.

