

## Document 1 - Reportable Communicable Diseases and Events



Timely reporting of communicable diseases and events of public health importance is essential for their control. If you suspect or have confirmation of the following specified diseases and events (as per *Ontario Regulation 559/91* and amendments under the *Health Protection and Promotion Act*), please report them to the local Medical Officer of Health.

- Monday to Friday: 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., call 613-580-6744, ext. 24224 or fax 613-580-9640
- After hours, weekends or holidays, call 3-1-1
- Sexually transmitted infections (STIs), call 613-580-6744, ext. 12580 or fax 613-580-2831

Diseases marked in bold with an asterisk should be reported immediately. All other diseases should be reported by the next business day.

- \*Acute Flaccid Paralysis
- \*Acute Respiratory Infection (ARI) with one of the following: travel history to a country with a <u>Public Health Agency of</u> <u>Canada (PHAC) travel health notice</u> for respiratory infection **OR** contact with someone with a travel history to a country with a PHAC travel health notice for respiratory infection
- \*Adverse event following immunization (AEFI)
- AIDS (Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome)
- Amebiasis (Entamoeba histolytica)
- \*Anthrax
- \*Bites or exposures to potentially rabid animals
- \*Botulism
- Brucellosis
- Campylobacter enteritis
- Chancroid
- Chickenpox (Varicella)
- Chlamydia trachomatis infections
- \*Cholera
- Creutzfeldt Jakob disease, all types

- Cryptosporidiosis
- Cyclosporiasis
- \*Diphtheria
- Encephalitis (primary viral, post-infectious, unspecified, SSPE)
- \*Food poisoning
- \*Gastroenteritis outbreaks in institutions
- Giardiasis
- Gonorrhoea
- \*Haemophilus influenzae b, invasive
- Hantavirus Pulmonary Syndrome
- \*Hemorrhagic fevers, including: (Ebola virus, Lassa Fever, Marburg virus and other viral causes)
- \*Hepatitis A
- Hepatitis B
- Hepatitis C
- HIV infection
- Influenza, Types A, B, & C
- Legionellosis
- Leprosy
- Listeriosis
- Lyme Disease
- Malaria

- \*Measles
- \*Meningitis, bacterial
- Meningitis, viral and other causes
- \*Meningococcal disease, invasive
- \*Mumps
- Ophthalmia neonatorum
- \*Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning
- \*Paratyphoid Fever
- \*Pertussis (Whooping Cough)
- \*Plague
- \*Poliomyelitis, acute
- Psittacosis/Ornithosis
- Q Fever
- \*Rabies
- \*Respiratory outbreaks in institutions
- \*Rubella
- Rubella, congenital syndrome
- Salmonellosis
- \*Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)

- \*Shigellosis
- \*Smallpox
- \*Streptococcal infections, Group A invasive
- Streptococcal infections, Group B neonatal
- Streptococcal pneumoniae, invasive
- Syphilis
- \*Tetanus
- Trichinosis
- Tuberculosis
- \*Tularemia
- \*Typhoid Fever
- \*Verotoxin-producing E. coli infections including Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome (HUS)
- West Nile Virus
- \*Yellow Fever
- Yersiniosis